The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. II. RALEIGH, N. C., THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 2, 1867. NO. 226.

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

THE HOUSE OF COMMONS—THE SPEAKER—THE REPORTERS, &c.

The London correspondent of the Boston *Journal* sends the following interesting letter to that journal:

The House of Commons is just now the centre of great interest. The Gladstone party were turned out of power on the Reform bill. It was expected that the Derby, or Tory, party would have been hoisted by the same engine. But Derby seems to be master of the situation. His threat not to resign if he is defeated on the bill, but to appeal to the country, has had its effect.—Soon this question will be settled one way or the other. The country has grown a great deal in twelve months. The Gladstone bill, which the Tories rejected with horror, they would now gladly receive.—With that bill the country would have been amply satisfied for a quarter of a century; but that bill the country will not now accept. Disraeli is shrewd, and refuses to take from the Commons the modelling the features of the bill. The Liberals dare not press him, as they are unwilling to risk their popularity on a measure that may or may not be acceptable to their party outside the House. Great debates are expected within a few days that may change the whole political aspect of England.

The House of Commons is composed of 635. By a strange oversight, the hall will not hold more than half the members. The members draw seats for one night, and that after prayers. The drawing consists of the member's putting his card in a little groove on the back of the bench. Those who cannot get seats below have to go into the gallery, and those who cannot sit have to stand. The House has a literal bar, below which is the Peers' seat, and no Peer of the realm is allowed on the floor of the House of Commons. While the House of Lords has a gallery for ladies, and its debates are attended by ladies of quality as well as others, the House of Commons will not allow a lady within its walls. Above the reporters' seat and behind the Speaker, in a caged closet, capable of holding 17 persons, with an iron grating, not unlike a nunnery, is found the gallant accommodation for ladies connected with the House. Within this den, and behind the grating, having obtained a written permission from the Speaker, which is regarded as a great privilege, ladies sit and hear the debates, although they are invisible to the debaters. The reason given for this custom is omnipotent in this country; it is an old custom. The great hall of William Rufus, known as Westminster Hall, in which the mightiest events of the nation have transpired, is now only a vestibule to the House of Commons.

The Speaker embodies the dignity of the House. He is chosen for life. He usually serves for about six years, then takes a pension, and goes into the House of Lords.—He has a salary of $35,000 per annum. He occupies a sumptuous house, most magnificently furnished at the expense of the nation. The plate belonging to the house, with which he gives ceremonial dinners, cost the nation $850,000. Every night, on the opening of the House, crowds assemble to witness the procession from his house to the chair. The Speaker wears his wig and robes. The huge mace, gold gilt, as much as a man can lift, is borne before him. The State sword—double handed, after the fashion of Richard of the Lion Heart, over six feet long, gilt scabbard, and jewelled hilt, is borne by his sword-bearer. A man behind holding his train, and a chaplain in full rig, completes the procession. A bedizened official precedes the party, crying out: "Oyez! oyez! make way for the honorable Speaker!" All fall back and uncover while he enters and takes his seat. Few are present at prayers. There is an understanding that no business shall be done for the first half hour. This gives time for prayers inside and talk out. Members sit with their hats on, unless they address the chair or move from their seats. An outsider has no chance to speak. The ministerial leader on one side, and the leader of the opposition on the other, send a list to the Speaker each evening. No other member will be seen.

The division of the House is very curious. It operates frequently like a snap judgment. A call is made for a division. A three minute glass in front of the Speaker is immediately turned. When the sands run out the doors are closed and no one is admitted until the vote is taken. Members are in all sorts of places—in the library, in the smoking room, in the eating room, in the lobbies, in the committee rooms. To reach these absent ones and get them in the House within three minutes is often a difficult task. There are thirty-six bells leading from the House of Commons to all parts of the great building. Immediately on the call for a division these bells are rung.—Whippers in are busy and men scramble from all imaginable places to get inside the House before the three minutes expire. The rule is inexorable. The doors are closed promptly on the second. The Queen herself could not get in. Men file out from different passages, have their names written twice, and come back by different doors.

The speaking in the House is as bad as can be imagined. The utterances are indistinct, the hesitation is painful, and such a thing as oratory is unknown. Gladstone is the best speaker in the House. He is a tall, slim, pleasant-looking man, with a ringing voice. But he stands close to the table, grasps it with both his hands, and teeters on his toes while he speaks. Disraeli has a good voice, but is slow prosy on and ordinary occasions. He is a small, dark complexioned man, seldom looks any one in the face, and glides rather than walks into his seat, as if he did not wish any one to know he had come. John Bright is a short, thick-set, chubby looking Englishman, who leads the democracy, and with the people is the most popular orator in England. He always sits on the Liberal side, but below the gangway, which indicates that he is at liberty to vote with or against the Liberals as he pleases. The reporters' seat is behind the Speaker. The may occupy the gallery, and they are relieved every ten minutes by new reporters. No man besides them is allowed to make a pencil note even in the House. Vigilant eyes are upon every corner. If a man takes a pencil out to make a mark or write in a book, he is instantly warned to desist, or he will be removed from the House.

BURLESIN.

We want neither Northern Radicals nor Northern Democrats—nor Senator Wilson nor Mr. Anybodyelse—to come South for the purpose of stirring up party feeling. If they will all stay at home and attend to their own business, the Southern people will get along much better in the reconstruction business.—*Charlotte Dem.*

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

No. 58 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE AND ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, SUGARS, COFFEES, AND TEAS, BACON, MOLASSES AND CHEESE, BRANDIES, WINES AND WHISKIES, SOAPS, CANDLES, AND CANDIES, TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

Canned Fruits, Sauces and Figs, Canned Oysters, Raisins and Dates, Nuts, Currants, Pickles and Spices, Powder, Shot and Caps, Butter, Lard, Yeast, Powders, Soda,

and in fact everything usually found in a first class Wholesale Grocery house—at the greatest variety and at prices which cannot fail to please.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS &c.

50 Boxes Axes, 25 Doz. of Manure Forks,
50 Doz. Long handled Shovels, 25 Doz. Spades,
36 " Weeding Hoes assorted, 50 Doz. Hames,
25 " Horse Collars, 50 Doz. Trace Chains,
30 " Plow Lines, 10 Gross Axe Helves,
Rope, Twine, Nails, &c.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers & Com. Merchants.
Feb 22-168-tf

FOR SALE.

Harness, Sole and Upper Leather; and 500 lbs. best stick CANDY, warranted pure.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
April 23-219-tf Wholesale Grocers.

FOR SALE.

N. C. Rye Whiskey.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
April 23-218-tf Wholesale Grocers.

CASTINGS, CASTINGS, CASTINGS.

15,000 lbs. Pots, Spiders, Ovens, Skillets and Bakers, on consignment—which we will sell to the trade at manufacturers, prices.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
Commission Merchants,
April 20-217-tf Raleigh, N. C.

WINES, WINES, WINES,

40 Cases Claret Wines,
50 Gallons Cooking Wines,
100 " " old Scuppernong Wine, by Keg or the gallon.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
April 20-217-tf

HERRINGS & SHAD.

In Store, and to arrive:

50 Half bbls., N. C. Family Roe Herrings.
50 " " Choice Sh. d.
50 Bbls. N. C. Cut Herrings.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
April 22 218-tf Wholesale Grocers.

CANDY! CANDY!! CANDY!!!

2000 lbs. assorted Candy—in 25 and 40 lb. boxes. In Store this day.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
April 11-209-tf

PLOWS! PLOWS!! PLOWS!!!

100 No. O. Plows.
50 "elf Sharpener Plows.
25 A. 6.
5 Scaparks *Cotton Planes.*
10,000 lbs. Plow Points and Landsides.
200 " Plow Bolts.
Now ready for delivery.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
Raleigh, April 11-209-tf

BAUGH'S RAW BONE PHOSPHATE.

Twenty Tons of this celebrated Fertilizer,
Just received by,
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
April 13-211-tf

COTTON SEED, COTTON SEED.

400 Bushels of Cotton Seed,
For sale.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
April 25-221-tf

FAMILY GROCERS.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,

FAMILY GROCER,

NO. 26 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE supply of
CHOICE GROCERIES,

Consisting in part of Sugars—Crushed, "A" Coffee, Powdered, "U" Coffee, "B" Coffee, and brown of different grades;
Molasses and Syrup;
Coffees, Java, Laguira, Rio, and St. Domingo;
Bacon, Sides, Shoulders, Sugar cured Hams, and Strips;
Beef, for chipping, broiling, and spiced for boiling, a splendid article. Spiced Pig's feet, Pickled Pork, Beef and Buffalo Tongues.
Codfish, Tongues and Sounds. Mackerel, Smoked or Scotch Herrings. A splendid lot of Codfish.
Pickled and smoked Salmon.
Liverpool and Table Salt.
Potatoes, White Mercer, Peach Blow and Jackson Whites.
Gunny Bagging, Rope, Sole Leather, French Calf Skins, Lining Skins, &c. Shoe Pegs, Tacks, Awls, &c.
Wrapping Paper, Powder and Shot, Cotton Cards. Pearl and Corn Starch, Farina and Tapioca; English Dairy Cheese, Factory Cheese, a large assortment of Canned Fruits. Pickles, Preserves, Mustards, canned Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c.
Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Currants and Prunes, and everything usually kept in a first-class Grocery.
Also Liquors of all grades. Attention is especially called to our pure old Robeson County and old Keller Whiskey.
All manner of Sauces, Catsups, and Fancy Groceries generally, very cheap for cash.
We sell strictly for Cash.
W. ROBERT ANDREWS,
April 3—tf Family Grocer.

RICHMOND ADVERTISEMENTS.

ALLAN & JOHNSON.

WHOLESALE

Seedsmen, Nurserymen & Florists.

1506 MAIN ST.,

(UNDER ST. CHARLES HOTEL)

Richmond, Va.

Oct 13-1y

R. H. MAURY, J. L. MAURY, R. TROOKE.

R. H. MAURY & CO.

ESTABLISHED IN 1838.

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

No. 1014 MAIN STREET,

First House Below the Post Office,

RICHMOND, VA.

Sterling Exchange, Gold and Silver, Bank Notes, State, City, and Railroad Bonds and Stocks, &c., bought and sold on commission.

Deposits received and Collections made on all accessible points in the United States. do
Feb 7-135-3m.

RAIL ROADS.

NOTICE.

OFFICE SEABOARD & ROANOKE R. R. CO.,
PORTSMOUTH, VA., March 23d, 1867.

It has been understood by the officers in charge of transportation via the Seaboard Inland Freight Route, that letters addressed to the Railroad Agent at Portsmouth, on the subject of freights, are unanswered, and that in consequence, causes of delay are not explained, and claims for losses and damage unsettled, and as the Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad Company, who are the forwarding agents for the line, are satisfied that these causes of complaint are not due to their Agents, but to the inaccuracy of the mails, in order to test this subject, the Manager of the Seaboard Road requests that whenever persons have written to the undersigned Agent of the Seaboard Road, and after waiting a reasonable time for a reply, have not received it, that they will address him a letter enclosing a duplicate of the letter they had previously addressed to the agent. If this is complied with, and the Manager of the Seaboard Road receives the letter, he gives assurance that it shall be promptly investigated and replied to.

This Air-Line Freight Route

claims to be the most expeditious and direct route, and avoiding to a great extent *Marine Insurance*, also the cheapest freight route between the

Northern Cities

and

North and South Carolina.

As Freights consigned by the Company's connecting Steamers is forwarded from Portsmouth within twenty-four hours after being landed, there is no reason for delays, and although freights may sometimes be missent, it will in such cases be promptly traced, and if not found will be paid for. The Companies forming this line cannot be responsible for the rapid transportation of freights or charges upon it, unless sent

From BOSTON, by the
BOSTON & NORFOLK STEAMSHIP Co.,
End of Central Wharf.

From NEW YORK, by the
OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP Co.,
Pier 37, North River.

From PHILADELPHIA, by
CLYDE'S STEAMERS,
14 North Delaware Avenue.

Or via the ANNAMESSIX LINE,
Depot Philadelphia, Wilmington & Baltimore R. R

From BALTIMORE, via the
BAY LINE STEAMERS,
Foot of Union Dock.

For freight shipped to the Seaboard Company by schooners, or by other steamship lines, the Companies cannot be responsible until landed on their wharves.

Persons writing about freight that has not reached them, will please be careful to state the date of shipment, by whom shipped, from what place, by what line of steamers, and if possible enclose a copy of through receipt, to

JAS. McCARRICK,
Trace Agent Seaboard and Roanoke R. R.
Portsmouth, Va.

J. M. ROBINSON,
Managing Director and General Supt.
April 4-1m

MISCELLANEOUS.

"THE SQUARE AND COMPASS,"

A Weekly Masonic Newspaper

PUBLISHED BY

JOSEPH G. HESTER,

CITY HALL, RALEIGH, N. C.

This journal will be devoted to the interests of masonry and the dissemination of all knowledge, calculated to promote and foster the craft. It will contain a full and complete summary of all the most important current news of the week.

It will also give to its readers many interesting literary articles, and in every issue an entertaining novellette.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One year.....$3,00
6 months.....2,00
3 months.....1,00

Advertisements inserted on reasonable terms.
Agents wanted in every town and village.
April 10-208-tf

J. T. MORRISS & BRO.,

127 SYCAMORE STREET,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

W. H. MORRIS & CO.,

18 FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

Raleigh, N. C.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

AND

Manufacturers of all Kinds of Furniture,

—ALSO—

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Floor and Table Oil Cloth, Window Shades, Enameled Cloth and Floor Matting.

Call and examine our stock. Our motto is quick sales and small profits.
April 15-212-3m

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!!

50,000 LBS. OF NICE, CLEAN, PURE ice from fresh running Streams, for sale at 2½ cents per lb. Apply to.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER
Feb 26-171-tf

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE!

Within one mile of the Capitol!

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE THAT Valuable property known as

"RUNNYMEDE,"

within one mile of the Capitol, on the Hillsboro Road

The tract contains 45 acres, 20 of which are cleared and under fence, and well adapted to the cultivation of cotton or the cereals.

There is on the premises a select Apple ORCHARD, of 125 choice young trees, and a promising vineyard.

The improvements consist of a neat and handsome DWELLING HOUSE, with five rooms, well finished and sufficiently commodious. Also, Kitchen, Smoke-house, barn, stables, carriage-house, work-shop, and one of the best wells of water in the State.

Few more desirable places are offered for sale,—combining, as it does, all the advantages of a city and rural residence.

W. H. HAMILTON.
April 20-217-3w*

NOTICE.

As assignees of J. F. Foard, we shall sell at the Court House door in the city of Raleigh, on the 9th day of May 1867, *one hundred and eighty-two Shares* of the Capital Stock of the Lockville Mining and Manufacturing Company.

Terms made known on day of sale.

ALEX. WALKER,
O. C. FARRAR,
J. D. WALKER.
April 4-208-1m

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. B. HUNTER, Granville Co., N. C.
E. H. LASSITER, Northampton Co., N. C.

HUNTER & LASSITER,

[FORMERLY CONANT & HUNTER,]

Cotton Factors, & General Commission

MERCHANTS,

CORNER OF HIGH AND WATER STREETS,

PORTSMOUTH, VA.

Feb 6-154-3m

SEGARS AND TOBACCO.

WE are in receipt of a lot of Segars and Chewing Tobacco that can't be beaten. Call and see.

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.
Dec 17-tf

NOTICE!!!

FOR THE PURPOSE OF CONDUCTING A Family Grocery, I have established myself on the North Side of Market Square, in the Brick Store next to Fayetteville Street, where I shall keep constantly on hand a carefully selected Stock, embracing,

FLOUR, MEAL, GRAIN,
BACON, LARD, CHEESE,
SUGAR, MOLASSES,
COFFEE, TEA,
SOAP,
CANDLES,
RICE,
SALT, &c., &c.

to which I respectfully invite the attention of my friends and the public.

DOUGLAS BELL.
Raleigh, Mar 11-180-3m

1867. SPRING TRADE 1867.

8 x 10 and 10 x 12 Glass.
10 x 14 and 13 x 18 ditto.
200 lbs., Bladder Putty.
J. BROWN,
mar 11-180-tf With HART & LEWIS.

TANNER'S OIL.

ANOTHER lot of that Superior Fish Oil for Tanner's use, just to hand.

WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.
Dec 17-tf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

$300 REWARD!

A Proclamation by His Excellency, Jonathan Worth, Governor of North Carolina.

WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN REPRESented to me that J. Q. Bryant, late of the County of Wake in said State, stands charged with the murder of one Wiley Sauls, late of said County and State, and that said Bryant is a fugitive from justice.

Now, THEREFORE, in order that the said Bryant may be arrested and brought to justice for the said alleged murder, I, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of said State, do issue this, my proclamation, offering the reward of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS for his apprehension and delivery to the Sheriff of Wake County.

(——) In witness whereof, His Excellency,
(SEAL.) JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of said
(——) State, has hereto set his hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed.—Done at the City of Raleigh, this the 22nd day of February, A. D. 1867.

By the Governor: JONATHAN WORTH.
WM. H. BAGLEY, Private Sec'y.

DESCRIPTION.—J. Q. Bryant is between 25 and 30 years old, about 6 feet 1 inch high, straight, square shouldered, light complexioned, down look, incessantly chewing tobacco, visiting dissipated places, fond of gaming, dark hair, has a sore leg (or has had, which will leave a scar.)
Feb 22—168-tf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

$300 REWARD!!

A PROCLAMATION

By His Excellency, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of North Carolina:

WHEREAS, IT HAS BEEN REPRESented to me that PETER LANE (Colored,) late of the County of Wake, in said State, stands charged with the murder of one Mayo, (Colored) late of said County and State, and that said Lane is a fugitive from justice;

Now THEREFORE, in order that the said Lane may be arrested and brought to justice for the said alleged murder, I, JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of said State, do issue this my proclamation, offering the reward of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS for his apprehension and delivery to the Sheriff of Wake County.

(——) IN WITNESS WHEREOF, His Excellency,
(SEAL.) JONATHAN WORTH, Governor of said
(——) State, has hereto set his hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed. Done at the City of Raleigh, this the 22d. day of February A. D. 1867.

By the Governor: JONATHAN WORTH,
WM. H. BAGLEY,
Private Secretary.

DESCRIPTION.—Peter Lane, is a bright mulatto, 6 feet 1 or 2 inches high—weighs 180 or 190 pounds—35 or 40 years old—heavy goatee—full face—high forehead—likely—quite intelligent—very polite—quick spoken—and is a black-smith by trade.
Feb 22-168-1m

B. PEDDLE,

AMERICAN HOTEL,

Kept on the European Plan,

No. 56 MAIN STREET,

NORFOLK, VA.

CHARGES:

Board Per Day.....$2 50
Per Week.....13 00
Supper Lodging and Breakfast.....2 00
Dinner.....75
Breakfast.....75
Supper.....50

Rooms can be had independent of meals, and gentlemen coming to Norfolk on business will find this arrangement much more convenient with less expense than under the old style of hotel keeping.

Meals served to order at all hours of the day and night.

The finest Lynhaven Oysters always on hand.
BENJAMIN PEDDLE,
April 4-203-2awim Proprietor.

FOR RENT OR SALE.

A valuable house and lot in this city, for rent or sale.
Apply to. R. C. BADGER.
Feb. 14—161-tf

LIME

FARMERS and builders in need of Lime, can be supplied by the undersigned with an excellent article at very low rates

Cost per ton at Salisbury securely boxed $12,00
Freight from Salisbury to Greensboro, $2,00.
Do " Hillsboro, 2,50.
Do " Raleigh, 2,75.

Apply to
POWELL, WILSON & CO.
Catawba Station,
Dec 5-tf W. N. C. R. R.

GUANO! GUANO!!

A NEW ARRIVAL OF NO. 1, PERUVIAN Guano and Baugh's Raw Bone Phosphate of Lime, direct from the manufactory and sold at their rates, only adding transportation. Farmers will do well to secure what they may want, at once.

JAMES M. TOWLES.
April 15-213-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

ASTROLOGY.

THE WORLD ASTONISHED

AT THE WONDERFUL REVELATIONS

MADE BY THE GREAT ASTROLOGIST,

Madame H. A. PERRIGO.

She reveals secrets no mortal ever knew. She restores to happiness those who, from doleful events, catastrophes, crosses in love, loss of relations and friends, loss of money, &c., have become despondent. She brings together those long separated, gives information concerning absent friends or lovers, restores lost or stolen property, tells you the business you are best qualified to pursue and in what you will be most successful, causes speedy marriages and tells you the very day you will marry, gives you the name, likeness and characteristics of the person. She reads your very thoughts, and by her almost supernatural powers unveils the dark and hidden mysteries of the future. From the stars we see in the firmament—the malefic stars that overcome or predominate in the configuration—from the aspects and positions of the planets and the fixed stars in the heavens at the time of birth, she deduces the future destiny of man. Fail not to consult the greatest Astrologist on earth. It costs you but a trifle, and you may never again have so favorable an opportunity. Consultation fee, with likeness and all desired information, $1. Parties living at a distance can consult the Madame by mail with equal safety and satisfaction to themselves, as if in person. A full and explicit chart, written out, with all inquiries answered and likeness enclosed, sent by mail on receipt of price above mentioned. The strictest secrecy will be maintained, and all correspondence returned or destroyed. References of the highest order furnished those desiring them. Write plainly the day of the month and year in which you were born, enclosing a small lock of hair.

Address,
MADAME H. A. PERRIGO,
P. O. DRAWER 293, BUFFALO, N. Y.
April 6-205-1yawd

There cometh glad tidings of joy to all,
To young and to old, to great and to small;
The beauty which once was so precious and rare,
Is free for all, and all may be fair.

By the use of

CHASTELLAR'S

WHITE LIQUID

ENAMEL,

For improving and beautifying the complexion. The most valuable and perfect preparation in use, for giving the skin a beautiful pearl-like tint, that is only found in youth. It quickly removes Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, Moth, Patches, Sallowness, Eruptions, and all impurities of the skin, kindly healing the same, leaving the skin white and clear as alabaster. Its use can not be detected by the closest scrutiny, and being a vegetable preparation, is perfectly harmless. It is the only article of the kind used by the French, and is considered by the Parisian as indispensable to a perfect toilet. Upwards of 20,000 bottles were sold during the past year, a sufficient guarantee of its efficacy. Price only 75 cents. Sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of an order, by

BERGER, SHUTTS & Co., Chemists
April 6—205-1yaw 285 River St., Troy, N. Y.

CRISPER COMA.

Oh! she was beautiful and fair,
With starry eyes, and radiant hair,
Whose curling tendrils soft entwined,
Enchained the very heart and mind.

CRISPER COMA,

For Curling the Hair of either Sex into Wavy and Glossy Ringlets or Heavy Massive Curls.

By using this article Ladies and Gentlemen can beautify themselves a thousand fold. It is the only article in the world that will curl straight hair, and at the same time give it a beautiful, glossy appearance. The Crisper Coma not only curls the hair, but invigorates, beautifies and cleanses it; is highly and delightfully perfumed, and is the most complete article of the kind ever offered to the American public. The Crisper Coma will be sent to any address, sealed and post-paid, for $1.

Address all orders to
W. L. CLARK & CO., Chemists,
No. 3 West Fayette Street, SYRACUSE, N. Y.
April 6-1ydaw

EXCELSIOR! EXCELSIOR!!

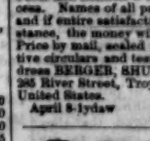
CHASTELLAR'S

Hair Exterminator.

For Removing Superfluous Hair.

To the ladies especially, this invaluable depilatory recommends itself as being an almost indispensable article to female beauty, is easily applied, does not burn or injure the skin, but acts directly on the roots. It is warranted to remove superfluous hair from low foreheads, or from any part of the body, completely, totally and radically extirpating the same, leaving the skin soft, smooth and natural. This is the only article used by the French, and is the only real effectual depilatory in existence. Price 75 cents per package, sent post-paid, to any address, on receipt of an order, by

BERGER, SHUTTS & Co., Chemists,
285 River St., Troy, N. Y.
April 6-1ydaw



WHISKERS AND MUSTACHES forced to grow upon the smoothest face in from three to five weeks by using Dr. SEVIGNE'S RESTAURATEUR CAPILLAIRE, the most wonderful discovery in modern science, acting upon the Beard and Hair in an almost miraculous manner. It has been used by the elite of Paris and London with the most flattering success. Names of all purchasers will be registered, and if entire satisfaction is not given in every instance, the money will be cheerfully refunded.—Price by mail, sealed and postpaid, $1. Descriptive circulars and testimonials mailed free. Address BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists, No. 285 River Street, Troy, N. Y. Sole agents for the United States.
April 8-1ydaw

BEAUTY.—Auburn, Golden, Flaxen, Silken CURLS produced by the use of Prof. DEDREUX' FRISER LE CHEVEUX. One application warranted to curl the most straight and stubborn hair of either sex into wavy ringlets, or heavy massive curls.—Has been used by the fashionables of Paris and London, with the most gratifying results. Does no injury to the hair. Price by mail, sealed and postpaid, $1. Descriptive Circulars mailed free. Address BERGER, SHUTTS & CO., Chemists, No. 285 River St., Troy, N. Y., Sole Agents for the United States.
April 8-1ydaw

WILMINGTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

D. G. WORTH, N. G. DANIEL.

WORTH & DANIEL

Shipping & Commission Merchants,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

DEALERS IN BAGGING, ROPE, IRON TIES, Lime, Plaster, Cement, Hair, Genuine Peruvian Guano direct from Government Agents. Salt, Hay and all kinds of Coal.

Agents for Baugh's Raw Bone Super Phosphate of Lime.

Agents for the Philadelphia Southern Mail Steamship line.

Agents for Goodspeed's weekly Steamship line from New York.

Agents for Jonas Smith & Co's., line of New York sail packets.
Feb 6-154-3m

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS.

GARRETT, YOUNG, SCOTT, & CO.

Nos. 33 Warren and 29 Murray Sts.,

NEW YORK,

SUCCESSORS TO

ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.

OF NEW YORK,

AND

SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,

OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Men's and Boys' Clothing.

C. W. GARRETT, A. S. SHAFER.
EREN YOUNG, A. L. SCOTT.
SPENCER SCOTT, F. M. GARRETT.
Feb 15-163-3m

JOHN S. DANCY, JOHN H. HYMAN,
OF TARBORO, N.C., OF SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

JOSEPH H. HYMAN,

Late of Tarboro, N. C.

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

For the sale of all kinds of Southern produce and purchase of General Merchandise,

No. 94, Exchange Place,

NEW YORK.

Aug. 23-tf

J. L. HATHAWAY AND UTLEY.

(Formerly HATHAWAY & Co., Importers of MOLASSES and SUGAR, Wilmington, N. C.)

Shipping and Commission Merchants,

171 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK.

We solicit consignments of Cotton, Naval Stores, Sheetings, Yarns, Tobacco, and other Southern Products, to the sale of which our prompt personal attention will be given. We will make liberal advances upon receipt of Invoice and Bill of Lading. All Merchandise and Produce shipped to us for sale are insured from point of shipment, with or without advice. Invoices should always accompany each shipment.

Both of us having had over twenty years' experience in business in the South, and our J. L. HATHAWAY three years in New York, we feel confident we can secure full prices for our friends who will favor us with their consignments.

REFER TO—Kemp P. Battle, Public Treasurer of N. C. and W. H. & R. S. Tucker, Raleigh, N. C.
JAS. L. HATHAWAY, WM. R. UTLEY.
Feb. 20-6m

MISCELLANEOUS.

PULMONARY DISEASES

CAN BE CURED.

DR. THOMAS H. MILES CONTINUES TO treat Thoracic Diseases by Topical Medication, or "Catheterism of the air Passages," conjoined with appropriate general remedies, as practiced by Prof. DANIS, of New York. This treatment is a specific for chronic Bronchitis, Laryngitis, Asthma and Incipent Consumption. References given if required. His address is Mt. Carmel, Ashfax county, Va.
April 9-207-2m

ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 18th., 1867.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH INSTRUCTIONS received from the Department, all persons residing in the 4th Division, 4th District of N. C., will make returns, at once, of income for the year 1866, and Carriages, Watches, Silver Plate, &c., held March 1st 1867.

All persons failing to appear and make returns by the 30th day of April, 1867, subject themselves to a penalty of 5 per cent. per month until given in and paid.

I will be in my Office, on Market Square, over Stronach's Store, until after April Court.

J. G. BROMELL,
Assistant Assessor 4th Division, 4th District of N. C.
mar-18-187-4t.

WOOD'S FAMILY ROE AND CUT

HERRINGS AND FAMILY SHAD.

Having received many orders heretofore from persons in various parts of the country, which I could not fill on account of the inconvenience of transportation, I have established an agency with

MESSRS. C. W. GRANDY & SONS,

Norfolk, Va., who will fill any orders that may be sent them for my fish and forward them to any part of the country. They will always be found of superior quality and put up in the best manner, in pickle—tight packages, barrels and half barrels and half barrels.
EDWARD WOOD.
Edenton, N. C., April 15-211-3awim

HUFHAM & HUGHES,

BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS.

Having made large additions to our

BOOK AND JOB TYPE,

We are prepared to do all kinds of

BOOK AND NEWSPAPER PRINTING

Promptly and in the best style of the art.

OUR PRINTING PRESSES

are of the best manufacture in the world, (the same as used by the Harpers, and leading Publishers in N. Y.,) and our facilities for doing work of any kind at the

SHORTEST NOTICE

on the most REASONABLE TERMS, and in SUPERIOR STYLE, equal to any in the country.

Contracts made for the printing of Newspapers and Magazines.

Blanks, Checks, plain or colored,
Cards,
Bill Heads,
Hand Bills,
Posters,
Circulars,
Letter Heads,
&c., &c., &c., &c.,

At the shortest notice and most reasonable prices.

ORNAMENTAL & COLORED PRINTING

To suit all tastes.

We are prepared to do any kind of letter-press printing, from an Invitation Card to a Book of one hundred pages, expeditiously, economically and satisfactorily.

HUFHAM & HUGHES,
Jan 5—tf Raleigh, N. C.

MEDICAL SOCIETY OF THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

THE FOURTEENTH ANNUAL MEETING will be held at Tarboro, N. C., at twelve o'clock M., on Monday, 15th. May, 1867. The members of the Medical Profession are respectfully invited to attend. The various Rail Roads of the State have consented to issue free return tickets to those who may attend the meeting.

S. S. SATCHWELL,
April 25-221-3awtd. Secretary.

IRON AND TIN WARE.

1867. Spring Trade, 1867.

20 doz. Mill Saw Files, assorted, 8 to 14 Inches.
50 " Cut Tacks, assorted, ½ to 12 oz.

ALSO,

Curry Combs, Horse, Shoe and Scrub Brushes
Bed and Plate Castors.
Wholesale and Retail.
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, March 25-193-tf With HART & LEWIS

NEW ARRIVAL KEROSENE LAMPS.

TUN, Bronzed, Gilt and Glass Hand Lamps, Dining Room and Parlor Lamps, all complete.

ALSO,

Garden Shears and Garden Trowels.
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, mar 22-191-tf With HART & LEWIS.

HARDWARE.

WOSTENHOLM & SONS' HEAVY RAZORS, Fine Barber's Shears,
Large Garden Shears and Garden Trowels.
J. BROWN,
April 11-209-tf With HART & LEWIS.

1867. Spring Trade, 1867.

FINE TABLE CUTLERY: SUCH AS IVORY Handled Balwier Knives and Forks, and Knives only.
Guano Droppers, made and on hand.
J. BROWN,
April-17-214-tf With HART & LEWIS

USEFUL.

AT 44, FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

Old Dominion Coffee Pots,
French Biggin Coffee Pots,
Crystal and Ornamented Chamber Sets,
Handsome Water Coolers,
Chamber or Hot Bath Tubs.
J. BROWN,
April 20-204-tf With HART & LEWIS.

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE.

White and Persian Granite Table Ware,
Bowls and Pitchers.
Edged and C. C. Plates.
Goblets, Tumblers, Wine Glasses, Salt Stands.

ALSO,

Framed Looking Glasses.
J. BROWN,
April 20-219-tf With HART & LEWIS.

SILVER PLATED WARE.

Table and Tea Spoons.
Mustard and Salt spoons.
Butter Knives and Napkin Rings.
Fine and Plain Castors.

ALSO,

Plated Ice Pitchers, Handsome Patters.
For sale low.
J. BROWN,
April 25-221-tf With HART & LEWIS

JUST RECEIVED.

Small Cook Stoves, for small families.
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, April 1-200-tf With HART & LEWIS.

RAILROADS.

RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL ROAD. 1867

Through Freight Tariff.

NORTH AND SOUTH,

BY THE AIR LINE ROUTE!!

WE are now prepared to ship all kinds of Freight through to New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore, on through bills of lading, giving through receipts, at the lowest rate.

THIS IS THE LINE FOR SHIPPERS.

Your Goods will be handled only once.

Through connections close, no delay, time and expense less than by any other route. Insurance trifling compared with other routes. We take goods to and from Columbia, S. C., and all intermediate stations, with more promptness and dispatch than any Express Company at about one-fourth the cost.

TAKE NOTICE.

Persons shipping goods South will ship through the following agents and by the following named Steamship Companies and no other.

FROM NEW YORK,

By the Atlantic Coast Mail Steamship Co., Livingston, Fox & Co., Agents, No. 88 Liberty Street, or Pier 36 North River N. Y.

FROM BALTIMORE,

By the Baltimore Steam Packet Company, I. B. Parks Agent, foot of Union Dock, and Brandt's line of Steamers.

FROM PHILADELPHIA,

By the Philadelphia and Norfolk Steamship Co., W. P. Clyde & Co., Agents, No. 14 North Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia.

FROM BOSTON,

By the Boston and Norfolk Steamship Co., E. Sampson & Co., Agents, end of Central Wharf, Boston.

Consign your goods to R. R. Agents, Portsmouth, Va., and City Point. Goods coming by the way of City Point and Petersburg must be so marked.

C. B. ALLEN,
Dec. 5—tf Freight Agt. R & G R R.

MEDICINES, &C.

SAUNDERS'

CATHARTIC AND ALTERATIVE PILLS.

RECOMMENDED BY THE BEST PHYSIcians. Purely Vegetable. No Calomel in them. Never Gripe; being Coated with Gum Tolu are perfectly tasteless.

For regulating the Bowels, and for the cure of Bilious Fever, Bilious Headache, Constipation or Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Piles, Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Dizziness, loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, and all diseases where a reliable Cathartic medicine is required.

Dr W. P. Mallett, who has no superior as a Physician in North Carolina, has examined the formula by which these pills are made and highly recommends them.

Col. W. J. Martin, the distinguished Patriot and Professor of Chemistry in the University of North Carolina, has analyzed them, and certifies that they contain no Mercury or any other mineral constituent whatever.

Call and get a Circular.

Prepared and sold by
R. B. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.
For sale in Raleigh by
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

THE

AMERICAN BITTERS.

The Great Southern Tonic,

AND THE MOST PALATABLE STO.

MACHIC EVER USED.

FOR THE CURE OF DYSPEPSIA, DISORDERed Digestion, Flatulency, Sluggish Circulation of the Blood, Bilious Complaints arising from a morbid condition of the Stomach and Bowels. An Elegant Tonic in debilitated states of the Digestive Organs, or of the system generally.—For the loss of appetite it is the most wholesome and effectual Tonic in the world. It restores thens nature and enables the system to triumph over disease. In wakefulness attended with tremors and general nervous derangement, it is peculiarly adapted, giving strength and tone to

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The Sentinel is published every evening, except Sunday, on the following terms:

For one month	$1.00
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One year	10.00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year	5.00
" " six months	2.50
Weekly Sentinel, one year	3.00
" " six months	1.50

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, | SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 2, 1867.

THE REGISTRATION.

Perhaps no part of the duties imposed by the Reconstruction Act upon the Commanding General, is so difficult and perplexing as the Registration. The selection of suitable persons to serve as Registrars requires time and great care. To obtain men who *will* take the test oath is, perhaps, not so difficult as has been imagined, but to get *honest, true* and *competent* men who will take it, is not an easy task, among the natives of the State, except here and there.

In the first place, if the Commanding General shall require three suitable men to register the voters, and hold the elections, at each election precinct in the State, it will require 2,800 men, at least, in North Carolina, to do that work. One third of these, who are to be the Registrars proper, should be men of character, capable of close investigation and of examining evidence; the other two thirds, who, we suppose, are to fill the double duty of clerks and advisory board, should be good penmen and of good character and habits. All should be honest, reliable men. Where are these to be found? Some of the counties can furnish them without much difficulty, perhaps, but some of them could not.

Secondly, it will not be easy for the Commanding General to determine, after they have been recommended, whether or not they are suitable men. Obtaining his information from various sources, he, or whoever he may call upon to make the selection, will find it, then, a difficult task. Applicants for positions that pay something, now, are rather numerous, no doubt, in the Southern States. The necessities of the people render it necessary, perhaps, In former days, North Carolinians were famous for their unwillingness to seek office. Would that their condition would allow them to maintain their former course in this regard!

While we are anxious that the whole vote of the State, allowed by the law of Congress, should be registered and drawn out, we are equally desirous that the Registrars should be able to give entire satisfaction to all parties. It is however, palpable, from present appearances, that this can hardly be done, if men are selected from either or both of the political parties. It is not our purpose to complain, no matter how the registration is conducted, unless there are the most flagrant evidences of unfairness and of violation of law, but still we are anxious that everything shall be conducted with entire integrity and justice.

What method, therefore, can be adopted which would insure the greatest fairness and leave least room to complain? We have thought maturely on this subject, and we have come to the conclusion that the following, if it could be adopted, would be the best: Let the several Registrars be appointed from the officers or soldiers of the regular army, if possible. They have the respect and confidence, at least of the respectable portion of society. They are understood not to be partisans, but soldiers, and to be men who obey orders literally and specifically. Associated with each of the Registrars of this class, let honest and competent gentlemen, whether soldiers or civilians, who are eligible,—one holding Radical and the other Conservative sentiments—be selected. This plan could hardly fail to be satisfactory to all classes, both North and South.

We sincerely trust that the law of Congress will be strictly and fairly enforced in District No. 2. We have no reason to fear that the Commanding General will not do it, so far as he is concerned. But the number of persons to be consulted, and the number, perhaps, who will volunteer their counsel, may lead to results not very satisfactory.

It is already asserted that in some of the States the law is palpably disregarded, and that the business of registration has assumed a strictly partizan character. Honest men of all parties must deprecate this. We have no fear that Gen. Sickles will for a moment allow it, if such departures from the law are brought to his notice.

To guard against this, we observe that Gen. Schofield has adopted the following judicious arrangement: That the Registrars shall keep three distinct registers: first, a list of all of those voters, whose eligibility is undoubted, and who have not been called in question; secondly, a list of those whose right is questioned, but who the Registrars decide are entitled to vote, with a note of the facts; and thirdly, a list of those whose application has been rejected and the reasons therefor. These are all to be forwarded to headquarters for review.—Such an arrangement, it strikes us, is at least a proper precautionary measure.

SENATOR WILSON, in his speech in Tupper's Church, quoted from the early fathers of North Carolina and of the South, to prove that they were anxious to see slavery done away with. There is no doubt of this fact. Even as far up as 1835 the desire to get rid of it, in some peaceable and just mode, was very general. We hazard nothing in saying that it would long since have died out, by a gradual and steady process of emancipation, but for the mischievous interference of ultra-abolition fanatics. If any set of men are responsible for its continuance, or its rigors, they are the men. By their incendiary teachings, they excited a natural resistance in the Southern temper and necessitated the adoption of measures for the public security, which would have been undreamed of, but for their machinations against the peace of society.

SENATOR WILSON will not go further South than Charleston and Columbia.

"We have never voted for Gov. Worth, because we believed that the election of another man would better promote peace, harmony and good feeling in the State, and thus secure an earlier admission to the Union; but we can truly say that we have no ill-feeling towards the Governor or any other officer of the State, or any of their friends. We still suggest, however, that if they would voluntarily consent to take "back seats," and permit, for a year or two at least, a new set of men to take control of the State government, reconstruction would be effected without further trouble, and there would be no danger of confiscation or further disfranchisement. There is not a man in the State that we wish or would like to see injured in any way; but we fear that many, by imprudence, passion and indiscretion, are placing themselves beyond all relief, and bringing trouble on innocent parties."—*Charlotte Democrat.*

Our cotemporary perhaps did not intend it, but there is a very plain intimation, in the above, that Gov. Worth and his friends are office-seekers and are not willing to take "back seats." Nothing could be more unjust than such a charge. No word or act of Gov. Worth, or of his friends, has indicated the slightest desire for office under the new *regime*. They look for nothing of the kind, and do not desire it, so far as we know.—So far as the *Sentinel* has expressed the views of its Editors, which may have accorded with the views of any of Gov. Worth's friends, we have *insisted* that the Congressional Reconstruction Acts should be carried out precisely as Congress has ordered it—that the men who have been disfranchised by Congress should not presume to lead and control that matter. We have said that a certain class of politicians, who are disfranchised, should not control the State Convention to be called, because it was apparent that their object was not to confine themselves to the Reconstruction Acts, but to go beyond, and disfranchise every man opposed to them, as they had done in Tennessee, not simply for a year or two, but as long as they may hold the power to degrade and ostracise them. So far as we are concerned, personally or politically, if these men enjoyed the confidence of the people of North Carolina, and would confine themselves strictly in the Convention and Legislature to the Reconstruction law, we would not care a baubee about it, one way or the other. If they would take the responsibility and pledge themselves to change the State Constitution in no particular, different from the plain language of the Reconstruction law, and would in no wise attempt to degrade our people further or fix on them greater disabilities, and let bygones be bygones, we should not care who voted, or who went to the Convention, or who enjoyed the offices, if they were simply competent and honest. There are thousands of people who would rejoice to be relieved of all responsibility in the matter of reconstruction, who would like to be let alone to pursue their business unmolested, if that class of agitators for office either had the ability to manage the State government or had a common sympathy for the people of their own State. We hope, now, our cotemporary understands us.

THE NEW ORLEANS papers continue to complain in strong terms of the many instances of injustice perpetrated by the Registrars of that city. The *Times* says they entirely disregard the Acts of Congress, and proceed without reason or authority of law. The *Times* says:

"Some of our best citizens, who come clearly within the provisions of the act of Congress as good voters, have been turned away by men who are strangers to the great mass of our people, and are of doubtful qualifications as voters. They receive their instructions from the secret clubs of the Radicals, and treat with scorn and contempt the acts of the Congress of the United States.

Even the oath prescribed in the registration act has been varied and changed by them in a material manner. The so called supporters of the Union and lovers of law lead off in the most palpable and flagrant violations of law."

This paper then proceeds to enumerate instances of rejection of the best citizens of New Orleans, and men who were born in the State and had never engaged in the war.

IN HIS speeches, Mr. Wilson advises the disfranchised classes that by speaking and working for the national policy they would show their countrymen that the disabilities imposed upon them ought to be removed, and a country that had proved its generosity would not forget them.

Instead of "national policy," the Senator means, of course, the policy of the Radical party. It appears, therefore, that disfranchisement of Southern white men is not insisted upon by that party as a punishment for "rebellion," but as a penalty for not voting the Radical ticket.—Let a Southern man turn a political somersault and agree to vote that ticket, and all his political sins are forgiven and his garments made white as snow.

THE MOST diligent efforts, says the Richmond *Examiner*, are making to commend the Republican party to the Southern people, and the orators about to spread the Radical gospel in the South will represent it as a gospel of peace and concord. The fact is, it is a gospel of blood and plunder. Let every Southern paper publish this extract, from the Washington *Chronicle*, of April 30th., that the people may be enlightened as to what Wilson has gone South for:

"To the great work of nationalizing the Radical agitation, of making the sentiments of Charles Sumner and Thadeus Stevens as popular in Texas as they are supposed to be in Massachusetts—to this work the Congressional Union Republican Executive Committee is now devoting itself, by organized correspondence, by wide spread dissemination of appropriate political documents, by the formation of local associations, by open discussion through intelligent speakers, by encouraging the establishment of Radical papers, and by all the appliances of political education so long known to the old free States, but alwys sedulously prohibited in the slave States."

"It (slavery) has gone down to the hell from whence it came, and shame shall sit by its side forever."—*Senator Wilson.*

This is pretty hard on Massachusetts, which was the original "head-centre" of the African slave trade and of the importation of slaves into the South.

For the Sentinel.

ROCKFORD, SURRY COUNTY, N. C., April 23rd, 1867.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Seeing there is a controversy in regard to a public meeting held in Wilksboro', and as to Col. Dewcese, of the U. S. A., and as to the mission of a detachment of soldiers to Wilksboro', I have consulted a gentleman of the legal profession, who was present on the occasion, (it being Wilkes Superior Court.)

He says that a public meeting was held, and that C. J. Cowles, Maj. Dewcese, and others, were speakers for the occasion; that he listened to Dewcese, who, for some time, entertained the meeting in a very pretty style, and finally broke off in a great tirade of abuse of President Johnson, which filled him with such profound disgust that he made his exit from the scene.

The detachment of solitons were commanded by Capt. Worth, of the U. S. A., whose mission was "jail delivery," to relieve the Court of a flock of birds that had been guilty of robbing honest and peaceable men of their property. The beauty of the thing is, they all belonged to the "Red String" party, those lovers of peace and order, those very men who howl, prate and boast of their loyalty, and who worship at the shrine of him who voted in 1861 to sacrifice "the last man" and expend "the last dollar." UNUS.

THE CONDUCT OF THE SOUTH.

The history of the civilized world furnishes no such instance of noble and christian conduct by a people who had made an unsuccessful attempt against their government, as has been exhibited by the people of the South in their conduct since the termination of the war. The result of the war was acquiesced in most fully by the people of every Southern State, and during the two years that have elapsed since the last battle between the great armies, there has been no instance, great or small, in any portion of that great section, of resistance to the authority of the Federal Government.

The people of the South went further.—They repudiated their debt contracted in the war, and voted for the constitutional amendment for the emancipation of all their slaves, thereby giving up not only the principal part of their property, but inflicting a most serious blow upon the future prosperity of the section. They have acquiesced in proceedings under negro bureaus and civil right bills, and have shown a willingness to allow suffrage to the negro. They have permitted the fullest discussion of radical subversive doctrines in every place, without interruption. They have done everything a great people could do without sacrifice of honor, and have done all without a murmur.

But how has this conduct on the part of the people of the South, been met at the North? There is scarcely a paper in the interest of the dominant party of this section that has given them a particle of credit for anything they have done.

And what is worse, more wicked and unchristian, these papers have systematically misrepresented the conduct of the Southern people, and goaded on the Northern people to make further demands, and heap additional burdens, on the people of the South.

But the day is not far distant, when the people of the North will see and feel the results of the policy they have pursued toward the people of the South. Every blow they have struck at the South will recoil upon themselves, every burden they have imposed will increase the burden they will be obliged to carry, and every channel of industry in that section which they have closed and obstructed will be felt and that deeply in all the ramifications of the business of the North. The radicals for the last two years have been systematically at work in destroying the interest of the North for the purpose of punishing the people of the South. The North is beginning to feel the effects of its policy. It will bring repentance but bring it too late for salvation.—*Essex (Mass.) Statesman.*

THE GRAVES OF THE DEAD.

The ceremony of decking the graves of the Confederate dead at Cave Hill Cemetery, on yesterday, was one of the most striking and attractive we have ever witnessed. The throng of people present, most of whom were ladies in their most elegant attire, was immense, and covered the whole region in the neighborhood of the graves. Hundreds of vehicles lined the carriage ways, making the scene one of surpassing animation. A large number of the ladies were busily engaged in placing bouquets, immortelles, and flowers in every conceivable style of arrangement upon the graves. Those silent mounds of earth, concealing from the eye the crumbling forms of the heroic men who fearlessly gave up their lives in a cause they believed to be true and just, were heaped with the rarest flowers, while from the head-boards hung wreaths woven by the cunning fingers of lovely women, who thus honored the martyrs of liberty, while they dropped among the flowers their sympathetic tears. To see those gentle and beauteous creatures kneeling over and decorating the last resting places of men whom they had never seen, and making them glow with floral beauties, was a spectacle to be long remembered, and was suggestive of the thought that the world loves and honors those who die for principle, whether the cause in which they die is right or wrong. The true hero is always respected, and the brave never fail to secure the admiration of the fair. We trust that the touching and beautiful custom which has been now inaugurated of meeting around the sepulchres of our departed heroes once in each year with floral offerings, may be continued, and that the memories of these heroic men, their sacrifices and sufferings, their courage and their fortitude, may be kept ever green to the latest generation. Let the story of how they died in the conscientious discharge of what they at least believed to be a duty, and the valor they displayed, be handed down to posterity to excite the emulation of millions yet unborn, and let those who believed that they erred, at least do them the justice to say they were not only brave but sincere, and that they deserve the crown of glory with which history will encircle their brows.—*Louisville Courier.*

BUTLER COMING SOUTH.—The New York correspondent of the Philadelphia *Ledger* says:

"Among the latest arrivals in town is General Butler. There is good authority for saying that he will revisit the South, and New Orleans even, some time in the course of the ensuing summer, with a view of following up the campaign begun by Senator Wilson in Virginia. He says the people down there are laboring under serious misapprehension as to his views concerning them, and he is anxious to have them corrected."

The New York *Journal of Commerce*, representing the great commercial interests of that city, has the following concise reference to Mr. Thadeus Stevens:

This man is a nuisance to the whole country, North and South Such letters as that published this morning are estemiated to do lasting mischief.

BISHOP EARLY.—It will gratify the numerous friends of this venerable and beloved gentleman, who has been, for some days, lying quite ill in Nashville, that a telegram was received here late yesterday afternoon announcing that his condition was somewhat improved.—*Lynchburg News.*

MR. WILSON AT NORFOLK.

The Hon. Henry Wilson, it is claimed by his friends, is a highly honorable and estimable gentleman, who is incapable of making a conscious misstatement. There are some things, however, in his speech at Norfolk on Wednesday last which it strikes us are somewhat inconsistent with this character. At the outset, Mr. Wilson stated that "he was not there as the agent of any political organization." We do not know what precise meaning Mr. Wilson attaches to this phrase, but one thing is certain, that Mr. Wilson advocated the reconstruction bills on the avowed ground that they would enable his party to get political control of several of the Southern States, without a doubt, and he expressed the hope of securing all of them except Virginia. He avowed his purpose, then, to make a Southern canvass in favor of Radicalism, and we suppose that he is now redeeming his pledge. But we cannot see how he can make a tour of speech-making for "the great Republican party" without being an "agent of a political organization."

But, again, Mr. Wilson is in the habit of talking at times very charitably and magnanimously about "forgetting the past" and "uniting shoulder to shoulder to build up our common Union." It is regarded as one of the commonest manifestations of magnanimity to avoid wounding the vanquished. Yet Mr. Wilson went over the thread-bare topics of anti-slavery agitators, the maltreatment of abolitionists, the annexation of Texas, Kansas, the fugitive-slave law, the Dred Scott decision, the secession ordinances, the war, and studiously sought to put his Southern hearers in the wrong. His policy is that of a surgeon who would cure a severe wound by lacerating it. We have no patience with this spirit. Let the dead rest in peace. Slavery is dead. From the Aroostook to the Rio Grande not a voice is raised in favor of its restoration. Let the faults to which it gave rise be forgotten.—But we wonder how any man of heart, in the midst of the wasted fields, the mourning homes, and pinching desolation of the Old Dominion, can stand up and taunt her suffering people with their errors; and we wonder at the stupidity of a politician who fancies that he can make votes by lacerating feelings.

But the passage in Mr. Wilson's speech to which we particularly object as untrue is the following:

"He then alluded to how this change in the condition of the colored man was brought about. When first plunged into war we hadn't the power to declare you free. Could Congress have declared you all free at the beginning of the war, it wouldn't have lasted two years, [A voice, "That's so!"] because there would have been nothing left to fight about. But while this fighting was going on the rebels had the slaves in the trenches digging and throwing up breastworks, while their masters stood behind and shot down our soldiers."

The power of the Government to issue the emancipation proclamation was as great in the first year of the war as the 1st of January, eighteen hundred and sixty three.—But the disposition was wanting. Congress expressly declared the object of the war to be the restoration of the Union, and the rights, dignity, and equality of the States unimpaired. In point of fact, Congress never did declare the slaves free. That was the act of Mr. Lincoln. But the power of Congress to do it was as great in April, '61, as at any later date. Mr. Wilson is simply guilty of a gross misstatement in implying that Congress refrained from striking off the shackles of the slave for want of power, and in undertaking to make out that the legislation of that body was originally governed by regard for the black man. Partizan necessity has controlled that body from the start. Slavery was destroyed, not out of love for the colored man, but to break down white rebels. The negro was armed, not as a concession to the manhood of the blacks, but to help the white Unionists.—The civil rights bill sprung not from an abstract love of justice, but to cripple the power of the white people of the South. Negro suffrage is due, not to sympathy for the blacks, but to the desire to build up a Radical party at the South.

But Wilson claims that he has no wish to provoke an antagonism of races, yet in this speech we find him saying: "Place those who denounce suffrage, but who are willing to have you vote for them, on one side, and array themselves on the other. I want to see you defeat them at the polls in every portion of Virginia, and in all parts of the South. Their ideas have gone down; send them down after their ideas." Such language is simply atrocious. It grows out of a studied purpose to array the black population against the white, and, if the object is accomplised, must damage both races. If negroes are to vote, as is now required by act of Congress, wise men should desire to have them divide as other voters should do, not all enlisted on one side. But here is a pretended friend and counsellor who advises them to array themselves solidly against their late masters.

But this orator, who was not the "agent of any political organization," advises "the colored men to stand square upon its (Republican) platform," and that they have it in their power "to make the Constitution of their State, and could send at least two Senators and a majority of the members of Congress;" and, after admitting that he had said that "we could not expect to carry Virginia, Texas, and Arkansas," "takes back all, as far as Virginia is concerned." And he winds up this precious passage by declaring that this is a work that a Christian may take into his closet, and on bended knees ask a blessing of the Almighty. Ask the blessing of Heaven on stirring up strife, on appeals to the passions, on palpable misrepresentations such as we have exposed!—Yet this is a sample of Radical Christianity and of enlightened statesmanship.

[The foregoing strictures of the *National Intelligencer* are in every way apposite to Mr. Wilson's speech in this City.]

False ears of flesh colored India rubber have been invented for the use of ladies with large ears. They are used in front of the real ears, which are drawn back and concealed under the hair.

The Springfield *Republican* says of Thad Stevens' letter, that "there are threats of such utter perfidy involved" in his declaration, "that they should be promptly repudiated by every Republican who cares for the honor and success of his party."

A wedding is expected in New York, to which there will be 2,500 invitations to the church, and 1,500 to the house of the parties.

The freedmen of Helena, Ark., are dying rapidly of an epidemic which, from the accounts of it, looks like the Asiatic cholera.

Count Louis Carlowitch, one of the numerous last Dauphins of France, died recently at St. Petersburg, aged 85.

Boston is delighted over her first Turkish bath.

Alaska is the name proposed for our new acquisition.

The Chicago lake tunnel cleared $46,000 profit to its constructors.

Chicago and St. Louis have each had a case of Asiatic cholera.

Precious stones are being found in great abundance in Georgia.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE.

ARCTIC ICE CREAM FREEZERS; WILL Freeze in 5 minutes.

ALSO,

Cut Nails and Finishing Brads
Hoop Iron and Cast Steel.

May 2-226-tf J. BROWN, With HART & LEWIS.

FOR SALE.

Freshly ground Family Flour, and another lot of Rose and Cut Herrings, and Shad.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
May 2-226-tf Wholesale Grocers.

CROCKERY, QUEENSWARE, AND GLASS-WARE.

I BEG LEAVE TO ANNOUNCE TO THE CITIzens of Raleigh and vicinity, that I have added to my already extensive business, an especial department for

CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE,

and have taken great care to select the goods with a view of making this a first-class Grocery store.

I have the largest and best selected assortment to be found in this city, consisting of FINE CHINA SETTS, (plain, gilded and painted,) all of latest styles and patterns, STONEWARE, COMMON WARE, and EARTHEN WARE.

IN GLASS-WARE,

Our assortment is complete, consisting of

Fine Cut Glass Goblets, Tumblers, Wine Glasses, and Dishes of all Sizes,

Looking Glasses

of every description, made of the very best German and American Glass.

The Department of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,

has just been fitted out with the most fashionable and desirable Goods, and the recent decline in prices and the particular attention I have given in selecting the go ds, will enable me to please every body in style and price. I therefore invite my old customers and the public generally to call and examine my goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Bar Besides, he is still prepared to furnish the people with

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

in as great variety as heretofore, embracing the best qualities as to style, make and quality. He invites an inspection of the same from purchasers.

In addition, I will mention my first-class

GROCERY STORE,

which is kept up at all times with the best and finest Family Groceries and sold at the lowest market prices. A. KLINE.

Cor Fayetteville and Hargett sts.
May 2-226-2m.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
Raleigh, May 1st, 1867.

UNDER an Ordinance of the City of Raleigh, it is required of all citizens to thoroughly cleanse their premises, during the first six days in May, June and July, August and September, in each and every year, and desist from the practice of throwing rubbish of any kind in the streets of the city.

The Police will inspect the premises of all persons and report those who fail to comply with said ordinance, and they will subject themselves to a fine of $10, which will be sure to be enforced according to the requirements of the law.

Disinfectants should be freely used, to preserve the health of the city.

May 2-226 3t WM. D. HAYWOOD, Mayor.

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGENTS FOR

FAIRBANK'S PLATFORM AND COUNTER Scales, Evans and Watson's Fire and Burglar proof Safes, Marble Monuments and Tombstones, Carey's sugar and syrup Evaporators, Carey's improved Sorghum Mills, Sulky Plows, Cider Mills, &c., &c.

mar 29-198-1t

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, DAVIDSON COUNTY.

COURT OF EQUITY, SPRING TERM, 1867.

The Thomasville Bank vs. The Creditors of The Thomasville Bank. | *Bill to close the business of the Thomasville Bank.*

In this case, it is ordered by the Court, that advertisement be made in the Raleigh *Sentinel, Standard*, and Greensboro' *Patriot*, for the creditors of the Thomasville Bank, to present their claims, within the next twelve months, to J. L. Lee, Commissioner of said Bank.

Witness, F. C. ROBBINS, Clerk and Master in Equity for said county, this 30th. day of April, 1867.

May 2-wly F. C. ROBBINS, C. M. E.

Office Western N. C. R. R. Co., STATESVILLE, N. C., April 27, 1867.

A CALL meeting of the Stockholders of the Western N. C. R. R. Company will be held in Morganton, on Wednesday, the 29th. of May, to accept or reject an important amendment to the Charter, passed by the last Legislature.

Stockholders and their families will pass free. By order of the Directors,

R. F. SIMONTON, May 1-225-wtd. Secretary and Treasurer.

SOUTHAMPTON HAMS.

Just received another lot of those Choice Hams, which will be sold low.

DOUGLAS BELL.
May 1-225-tf

BUTTER! BUTTER!!

A prime article to day received by

DOUGLAS BELL.
May 1-225-tf

VENEZUELA.

FOR ORINOCO AND CARONI RIVERS, SOUTH AMERICA.

A VESSEL will leave Charleston, S. C. on the 18th. day of May 1867, for Venezuela, with Emigrants. In order to secure passage from Charleston, application for passage must be made in time, either in person or by letter to

S. ROWLAND, Raleigh, N. C.

P. S. Passage and board only $75.
May 1-225-2w

EDWARD J. HALE & SON,

Wholesale Dealers in Books and Stationery,

HAVE REMOVED TO

No. 76 MURRAY STREET,

A FEW DOORS FROM BROADWAY, WHERE they are prepared to supply their Southern friends and the public, Booksellers, Merchants, Teachers, Professional gentlemen, and others, with all articles in their line at the most reasonable cash prices

Address,

E. J. HALE & SON.
May 1-225-2w* 16 Murray Street, New York.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR RENT.

THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC IS INVIted to that valuable Hotel property known as the

"MANSION HOUSE,"

situated in the centre of the City of Charlotte, N. C. The lease of the present occupant expires on the 1st. day of June proximo, and the entire Hotel property will be for Lease or Rent; and to a competent Landlord, the lease will be made very reasonable. The building is of brick, large, roomy and was arranged for the special purpose for which it has long been occupied.

The owners intend to put the property in FIRST RATE REPAIR, and invite the attention of those who "know how to keep a Hotel" to its advantages. There is no other Hotel in the business part of the City to come in competition; therefore the occupant may be said to enjoy a monopoly.

Communications addressed to the undersigned will receive prompt attention, and would be glad to receive them on or before the 15th. of May.

M. L. WRISTON, Agent.
Charlotte, N. C. May 1-225-1w*

GRAND PRESENTATION CONCERT IN AID OF THE SOUTHERN ORPHAN ASSOCIATION,

INCORPORATED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF VIRGINIA,

Jan. 30th. 1867.

To be Given at Baltimore, June 17th. 1867.

TICKETS ONE DOLLAR EACH, TO BE HAD of JOHN BRADO, Agent, at Southern Express Office, Raleigh, N. C.

Owing to recent troubles, the Managers have issued the following Card to which the attention of the Public is called:

OFFICE PRESENTATION CONCERT, Baltimore, April 15, 1867.

DEAR EDITOR.—Our attention has been called to extracts in Southern papers reflecting upon the management of the Presentation Concert in aid of the Southern Orphan Association, and in answer to the statements and assertions contained in such extracts we wish to lay the whole matter before the people, that they may judge from the actions of our accusers the motives by which they are governed. We call attention to the facts contained in the following card, and request the public to bear in mind that the parties mentioned were only members invested with no authority to act in any official capacity whatever. The power they sought to usurp would give them full control of the books and funds, by which they could shape the first to suit them, and withdraw the latter from the bank, where it is now, subject to the order of the Association:

[From the Baltimore Gazette April 11.]

TO THE PUBLIC.

The Southern Orphan Association being liable to misrepresentation in consequence of the late arrest of some of its members on charges preferred by Mr. A. G. Kimberly, we beg leave to present the following statements in regard to the Association and its accusers:

At the inception of the Society the ladies connected with its origin, in view of difficulties that might arise in procuring a charter, determined to admit as members such gentlemen as were supposed to be proper to advise and assist them. Some of these gentlemen apparently worked for the sole benefit of the Association until the Charitable Concert was proposed. After that their actions showed but too plainly that they desired to obtain control of the Association.

At a meeting of the Trustees upon the 8th. of March a constitution, drawn up by Messrs. Kimberly and Hawkins, investing them with full power and authority to handle the funds of the Association and to examine its books, was proposed by Mr. Kimberly, and upon a vote being taken, it was laid aside. The ladies, with some exceptions, rejected it and the President and Treasurer, not recognizing the legality of the document, refused to vote. In this manner it was laid over. Notwithstanding this, the parties resolved themselves into committees and set to work.

On the 3d. of April a committee, consisting of Messrs. Kimberly and Bostock, under this so called constitution, came to our office and demanded the books. The President being present, stated that having refused to accept the constitution, she would not recognise the committee. On the 4th Mr. Kimberly called, with two gentlemen, and again demanded the books, and was again refused.

On the 5th. by request of Messrs. Kimberly, Hawkins and Bostock, we, with two witnesses attended an interview with them at Barnum's Hotel. Mr. Hawkins stated that he had that morning received a letter from General Trimble, authorizing him to prosecute us for having opened one of the General's letters, which he intended to do to the full extent of the law if we did not give up the books. As the officers should decide this, we told him that he would be answered next day. On that evening the officers and ourselves were arrested on a warrant issued by Mr. Kimberly, and released on bail. The next evening Mr. Hawkins issued a warrant for the arrest of our book keeper, Mr. Schiers, on the charge of having opened General Trimble's letter. As the charge was false, Mr. Schiers was dismissed. We see from this morning's "Sun" that these parties pronounce their unqualified repudiation of the project," etc., which will be taken for what it is worth, when it will be shown that they repudiated, etc., because they lost their large commissions in the rejections of their farms and houses by the Society.

The offices and rank they append to their signatures are of their own creation, as the Society wishes the public to understand that it does not recognize the name and office of "Finance Committee" as ever having been created by said society.

We here leave the public to determine the motives of our accusers, for, to our mind, a simple narration of the above facts is sufficient to show that the Association and ourselves are attacked because we would not suit the purposes of Messrs. Hawkins, Bostock and Kimberly.

L. T. PALMER & CO.

In consequence of the persecution arising from our late connection with these persons, we are compelled to postpone the GRAND CHARITABLE PRESENTATION CONCERT to the SEVENTEENTH DAY OF JUNE, 1867. This will give us ample time to dispose of all the tickets, and it will afford the public an opportunity to investigate the facts which we have published, thus gaining that confidence which is necessary to ensure the success of every public measure.

We do not wish these statements to be taken unsubstantiated, as we cordially invite an investigation of the enterprize. The grand jury of this city presented us, and we hoped that they would go further and indict us, for we wished to prove to the world our honesty and disinterestedness in this measure, which could not be better done than in an investigation by the grand inquest.

It now remains with the public whether the "Home and School" shall be built. Whether the poor, fatherless children of the South, whose parents' blood was shed in defence of Southern homes, shall be deprived of the blessings which this enterprise seeks to obtain for them. Must we appeal in vain? No, it shall not be said that the Southern people were so ungenerous as to condemn those who are seeking to benefit the children of the soldiers who died for them, upon the evidence of men who, when they saw their own mercenary aims frustrated, sought to cover their guilt by bringing charges on us. Charges which, in the only trial that was allowed us, were proved to be as false as perjury could make them

L. T. PALMER & CO.

Mrs. J. L. HAMMOND, President, Mrs. E. A. P. MEARES, Treasurer, Mrs. McCUBBIN and Mrs. SCHIERS, Trustees of the Southern Orphan Association, have also published a card. The following are extracts:

"We invite an examination of our books and the funds now accumulating in bank subject to the order of the Association for the purpose of erecting the home and school for the orphans of the "Confederate dead" in the city of Richmond, Virginia. Nothing that we can say will testify more accurately the correctness of our plans than an investigation of our books and funds, and it was because we, as custodians of these treasures, would not surrender them to dishonest men, that we are now subject to their persecutions and abuse.

We have seen the horrors and devastation of the late war, and know the immense amount of suffering occasioned by it. Homes were rendered cheerless by the loss of its head, who fell fighting for the homes of the South, and it was our sympathy for the poor and friendless orphans of the South that caused us to enter into the resolution of securing for them a home and providing an education, as may render them hereafter good and useful citizens of a free and happy land.

We confess, how ver, that if we could have looked through the future and seen the trials and persecutions to which we are subjected, we would have never attempted to begin so thankless a work. But now, having embarked in it, our reputation is at stake, and we must build the Home and School; therefore we call upon all good people to assist us toward the completion of our work by discrediting the assertions made by our enemies. And we ask—nay, we demand—that those papers whose opinions were founded upon the acts of our employees, should give to the public our statements, and modify their assertions so as to be in strict accordance with the facts.

Not long since, Messrs. L. T. Palmer & Co., published a card which, as we approved it then, we will officially endorse it now, that the information contained therein may go forth to the public with every guarantee for its trustfulness.

In consequence of the delay occasioned by the conduct of the persons above alluded to, we have been compelled to inform our managers to postpone the concert until the 17th. day of June, 1867, that we may be able to begin the building as soon as our Concert business shall end."

April 30-225-2w

STRAYED.

From my Saw Mill, near Morrisville, on Saturday, the 20th inst, a small MOUSE COLORED MARE MULE. No private marks remembered.

Any information that will lead to her recovery will be liberally rewarded.

W. D. WILLIAMS, April 29-224-1w* Raleigh, N. C.

FAMILY GROCERS.

ROBERT A. JENKINS, Williamsborough, N. C. LEMUEL S. PERRY, Raleigh, N. C.

JENKINS & PERRY,

Family Grocers and Commission MERCHANTS,

IN THE BRICK ROW,

Four Doors North of the Post Office and nearly Opposite Market Square,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Grateful for the flattering patronage with which we have heretofore been so kindly favored, we respectfully solicit an increased share of the patronage of the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country. Without specially quoting, we deem it sufficient to say, that our stock mostly embraces such articles as are usually found in Family Groceries. Most of our goods have been recently bought in New York and Baltimore, for cash, and we hope to be able to sell them on satisfactory terms. In addition to our stock of Groceries, &c., we have a fine lot of

HATS AND READY MADE CLOTHING

and a splendid lot of Confectioneries, consisting of

PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES, RAISINS, ORANGES, FIGS, NUTS AND BRANDY PEACHES, &c.,

all of which will be sold on reasonable terms.

We have also a fine lot of genuine Durham Smoking Tobacco, which we can implicitly recommend to "those who smoke." Please call and see us.

We will pay particular attention to all consignments of Produce and Merchandise entrusted to our care and will endeavor to sell at the best market prices. Consignments are respectfully solicited. By a prompt and close attention to business and fair dealing with all, we hope to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

April 13 211-tf

IF YOU WANT REALLY TO INDULGE YOURself in the exquisite luxury of a good smoke and inspire yourself with beautiful thoughts and delicious care-beguiling emotions,—in short, if you want to *feel good*,—try some of this fragrant, genuine DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO.

At

April 27-223-tf JENKINS & PERRY'S.

IRISH POTATOES!!

Twenty-five Barrels superior Irish Potatoes just received, which will be sold low to the trade.

Also, another lot of that superior Butter.

DOUGLAS BELL.
April 25-221-tf

HARDWARE!

HARDWARE!!

HARDWARE!!!

AXES, SHOVELS, SPADES, HOES, PITCH FORKS, POCKET AND TABLE CUTLERY, SPOONS, TEA-KETTLES, SKIVES, FRY PANS, STOCK AND PAD LOCKS, HATCHETS, HAMMERS, NAILS, SCREWS, TACKS, HOOK AND EYE HINGES, N. I. BUTTS, AUGUR BITS AND GIMLETS.

Which I am selling very cheap to close out lot.

DOUGLAS BELL,
April 18-213-tf Market Square.

JACKSON WHITE POTATOES.

If you want something nice in the shape of a Potato, call and examine those which I am now offering.

DOUGLAS BELL.
April 22-218-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

Book Sellers and Stationers,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS.

MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;

BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS SUPPLIES;

SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;

ALBUMS;

PERFUMERY,

FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system, and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

NOTICE.

I will sell to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in Raleigh, on Monday, the 20th. day of May next, the following property of C. M. Farris, viz:

A certain lot or parcel of land in the city of Raleigh, adjoining the Gas Lot, and others.

Also, the intrest of C. M. Farris the same being one half in fee simple, in and to the two following lots:

The first situated in the late extended limits of the city of Raleigh, westward of Halifax Street and on the north side of Johnson Street, adjoining the lot lately owned by W. W. Vass and others, containing one third of an acre, more or less.

The second being the lot on Davie Street, known as the Hackney Pool lot, adjoining the lands of Seth K. Jones and others, containing one half acre or thereabouts.

Also, all his undivided intrest, share and part of lot No 2 and small part of lot No. 1, in the city of Raleigh being the Albert Carter lot, his said intrest being two thirds of said lot, situated on the south side of Lenoir Street.

TERMS made known on day of sale.

W. H. HIGH, April 24-wtd Trustee of C. M. Farris.

NEW CROP MOLASSES.

300 Hhds. New Crop West India Molasses, now landing, for sale in lots to suit, by,

WILLARD BROTHERS, 29 30 and 31. North Water Street, April 19-211-1m Wilmington, N. C.

Standard Copy.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

A commodious Pew, No. 31, in Christ Church. Apply to R. S. TUCKER.

Also, for sale, a plat of ground (double lot) neatly enclosed, and in a convenient location, as a family BURIAL SITE, in the City Cemetery. Apply to Mr. HOLT, near the premises.

April 29-224-1w

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A *square* will be hereafter estimated as 12 solid lines, or 1¼ inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	2,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	5,00
One square two months	10,00
Each additional " "	5,50
One square three months	12,00
Each additional " "	7,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 15 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 2, 1867.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

AGENTS.—W. H. Bernard, Esq., is our Agent at Wilmington, N. C.

W. W. Jones, Esq., is our Agent at Louisburg, N. C.

J. W. Norwood, Esq., is our Agent at Warrenton, N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Freshly ground Family Flour, Roe and Cut Herrings, Shad, &c.: Pulliam, Jones & Co.

See notice of Thomasville Bank *vs.* its creditors.

Ice-Cream Freezers, Cut Nails, Finishing Brads, &c.: J. Brown, (with Hart & Lewis.)

See advertisement of Mitchell, Allen & Co., Newbern.

A Kline, corner of Fayetteville and Hargett Streets, announces everything that is attractive or useful in the *four* departments of his extensive business,—Crockery and Glassware, Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Ready-Made Clothing and Groceries.

MAYOR'S NOTICE.—We invite attention to the notice from his Honor, the Mayor, relative to the cleanliness of premises in the City. It is of the highest importance to the sanitary condition of the City, that his admonitions should be strictly regarded.

BASE BALL.—Once again there is to be a match game between two of our City Clubs. The "Star" Club having challenged the "Crescent," the challenge has been accepted, and the game will come off, on the grounds of the "Crescents," to-morrow, at 2 P. M. We append a list of the first Nines:

Star Club: Henry Haughton, Herbert Bragg, H. Taylor, P. F. Pescud, Jr., Chas. E. Johnson, Jr., D. Sorrell, —— McCarthy, R. W. Lovejoy and Edward Bledsoe.

Crescent Club: S. G. Ryan, Sam. C. White, C. J. Iredell, W. A. B. Branch, B. W. Starke, John C. Blake, A. Phillips, B. C. Manly and E. F. Page.

BAD EFFECTS OF A GOOD DINNER.—Our friend of the *Old North State*, on the 29th. ult., was present at a good dinner given by Col. Brown, of the Boyden House, at Salisbury. He is eloquent on the entertainment and the good qualities of his host, and was so completely spirited away above ordinary sublunaries, that he forgot the *Old North State*, of which it gives proof on the 30th. We also partook, on Tuesday, of one of Blair's good dinners, at the Yarboro', but found no difficulty in keeping our feet fast hold upon *terra firma*, and the *Sentinel* in our mind's eye. But the reader must not misunderstand us. Our friend was as sober as a judge. It was the good *eating*, which a poor editor so seldom gets, that took him up into the idealities, and nothing else.

NEWBERN.—Gen. Sickles has forbidden the Newbern municipal election, which was to have been held on the 6th of May, and announced the following appointments:—Jno. N. Washington, Esq., present incumbent, is to be Mayor, and the City Council to be composed as follows:

First Ward, A. H. Foster, to fill an original vacancy.

Second Ward, A. H. Seymour, *vice* Alexander Justice, whose term of office expires.

Third Ward, Benjamin Jacobs, *vice* William H. Oliver, whose term of office expires.

Fourth Ward, Saml. Radcliffe, *vice* J. J. Robertson, whose term of office expires.

Fifth Ward, E. Hubbs, *vice* James Osgood, whose term of office expires.

Sixth Ward, Edward R. Stanley, present incumbent.

Seventh Ward, H. J. Menninger, present incumbent.

In addition to these appointments, Messrs. Edward R. Stanley and H. J. Menninger are to be the trustees of the Newbern Academy. Mr. Stanley is at present an incumbent, and Mr. Menninger is assigned to duty, *vice* J. T. Hough, Esq., whose term of office expires.

The officers appointed and all persons holding office under the corporation of Newbern or the Trustees of the Newbern Academy will be required, before entering upon the duties of their respective offices, in addition to the oath of office required by the laws of North Carolina and the ordinances of the corporation of Newbern, to take and subscribe the oath set forth in Section 1st of the "Act Supplementary to an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, and to facilitate their restoration," passed 23d of March 1867.

WHO WOULD NOT BE BEAUTIFUL?—All may possess a clear, unblemished skin, of alabaster whiteness, by the use of CHASTELLAR'S WHITE LIQUID ENAMEL. It is the most perfect article in use, for removing all impurities of the skin; and, unlike all other cosmetics, contains nothing that will injure the cuticle; being vegetable, it is perfectly harmless. For sale, Wholesale and Retail, by BERGER, SMITH & Co., Chemists, Troy, N. Y. See their advertisements in another column in this paper.

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 10—ITS OPERATION AND APPLICATION.

The following order has been issued by Gen. Sickles:

HEADQUARTERS, SECOND MIL. DISTRICT, CHARLESTON, S. C., April 27, 1867.

CIRCULAR.

In reply to letters received at these Head quarters, asking information as to the operation in particular cases of General Orders No. 10, current series from these Headquarters, I am directed by the Commanding General to state, that the provisions of the order will be interpreted and enforced by the Courts. The order is to be deemed and taken as an Ordinance having the sanction of the United States, for the regulation of certain civil affairs therein specified within so much of the territory occupied by the military forces of the United States, lately the theatre of war, as is embraced within the Second Military District created by Act of Congress.

Although some of the former political relations of the inhabitants are in abeyance, their private relations, their person and property, and their remedies for wrongs, remain as heretofore, within the cognizance of the local tribunals, and subject to the laws of the provisional government hitherto in force, except so far as such laws are in conflict with the Constitution and laws of the United States, or with the regulations prescribed by the Commanding General.

Amongst the consequences necessarily incident to the military authority established by Congress, and indispensable to the object for which the authority is established, is the appointment and control of the civil agents by whom and the measures by which the government *ad interim* is to be conducted. In the exercise of this authority, such regulations and appointments will be announced from time to time as may become necessary; and so far as these regulations concern the ordinary civil relations of the inhabitants, they will be administered by the courts and by the proper civil officers in the usual course of procedure.

Whilst it will not be convenient to respond to particular inquiries made by citizens as to the interpretation and application of these regulations, such interrogatories will be answered when addressed to the General Commanding by the Appellate Courts of Law and Equity. J. W. CLOUS,

Capt. 38th Inf., A. D. C. & A. A. Genl.

OFFICIAL: J. W. CLOUS, Capt. 38th Inf., & A. A. A. Genl.

RECONSTRUCTION IN WESTERN N. C.—A correspondent of the New York *Herald*, writing from the Western part of this State, tells some marvellous stories. He says, among other things:

"There is very little to be said in regard to the political views of the mountaineers other than has been stated already. Their notions on the subject of reconstruction are quite simple, and notwithstanding some objections, which they urge from not fully comprehending the question, perhaps, they are innocent of any intention that looks in the least like offering opposition to the carrying out of measures that have reconstruction in view. Indeed they do not have much to say against the spirit of the Military bill; they merely assert that strict obedience to the letter of it will both disqualify many of the best friends of the cause of reconstruction, who are too honorable to evade even the letter of the law, and will qualify the worst class of rebels, who will not scruple to perjure themselves. It does seem as if there were some truth in this; and when it is considered that there are no longer any really rebellious minded persons in sufficiently large numbers to constitute the remnant of a party, it appears strange that we cannot encourage to co operate with us the best of those who were formerly in rebellion rather than the worst. There may be a man now and then, whom nature has endowed with more passion than principle, who has not got over the fever of rebellion; but there is nothing more apparent, nothing more remarkable, indeed, throughout the South, than that rebellion is a dead idea. It is remarkable, moreover, to see how completely the emancipation of slavery is an accomplished fact; how its accidents and attendant circumstances are taken as a matter of course, and how, still more strangely, the South seem called upon, from the necessities of the case and by the law of self-preservation, to push this reform to an unlooked for extreme. Looking at this picture, fancy will curiously consider that the South, once started, may go in the van of reform (they are great on camp meetings and revivals and such sort of things) and some day may carry its banner into New England as the champions of a cause that shall have for its object the righting of some real or fancied wrongs suffered by the shoemakers of Lynn or the weavers of Stockbridge—that shall have for its object the removal from the hand of task masters of those of tender years, who are picker tenders, warper tenders and almost any tender that requires to be hard and greasy.

Rebellion is surely a dead idea, and the term rebel is put to no good use now in the land. It is the cry of faction. It has no meaning in national economy—in statesmanship. The South cannot go back. The negro is emancipated and can help himself, and the indications are that he is helping himself, and is doing quite as well in the South as in the North."

[Special Dispatch to the Baltimore Sun.]

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OPINION ON DISFRANCHISEMENT—DECISION ADVERSE TO GEN. SHERIDAN—SPECIAL POST OFFICE AGENTS, &c.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Attorney-Gen'l Stanberry has been closely engaged to-day in the preparation of his opinion upon the disfranchisement under the reconstruction laws, and it will be completed and read at the cabinet meeting to morrow. The opinion was called for by General Grant, who apprehended that difficulties might arise from a lack of concurrence of judgement among the commanders of the five districts and others who are to be intrusted with the construction of the law in its application to registration and voting at elections. The immediate suggestion of the Attorney General's opinion was, however, Gen. Sheridan's threatened removal of Governors Wells and Throckmorton.

It is understood that Mr. Stanberry's opinion will be adverse to the decison of Gen. Sheridan, excluding from registration a large number of municipal officers and naturalized citizens who fail to show their certificates of naturalization.

The Postmaster General to-day finally determined to take the responsibility of appointing special agents to take charge of the post-offices left vacant by failure of the Senate to confirm nominations made to fill these offices. An agent was appointed to take charge of the offices at Newburg, New York, and Jeffersonville, Indiana.

Secretary Browning is recovering. He was much better to-day.

NOTICE.

The time for the payment of the annual subscription of $1.00 for membership having arrived, it is particularly desired that all members of the Memorial Association shall attend to the call without further notice.

Mrs. L. O'B. BRANCH, President.

Miss S. A. PARTRIDGE, Sec'y.

May 1-225-2t

TELEGRAPHIC.

Thursday Morning Dispatches.

SENATOR WILSON IN WILMINGTON.

WILMINGTON, May 1.

Senator Wilson addressed an immense crowd of both races.

But little enthusiasm was manifested, and no disturbance.

EDUCATIONAL CONVENTION.

MACON, Ga., May 1.

The colored Educational Convention met here to-day. The Vice Presidents and Secretaries are colored. There is a full attendance. The aftertemoon was taken up with explanations by Eberhardt and Capt. Bryan, as to the peculiar system of education for the State.

Personalities were indulged in between one Richardson and Eberhardt, on the latter's taking full control of the Convention. Eberhardt said if he asserted that he wished to obtain more power, he uttered a falsehood.

ROBBERY.

PHILADELPHIA, May 1.

The watch case factory of C. & A. Pequignot, near the central police station, was entered before ten o'clock, last night. The safe was blown open and five thousand dollars and an hundred and twenty-nine watches stolen.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, May 1.

The Supreme Court was engaged all day on the patent case of the Lowell Manufacturing Company *vs.* the Hartford Carpet Company. The argument closes to-morrow.

It is stated that Chief Justice Chase has proposed a change of circuits with Justice Field, who is assigned to the California circuit.

Thad. Stevens has gone home. He was supported to and from his carriage.

The Receipts for Internal Revenue to-day were $800,000.

Secretary Seward received the Japanese to-day.

There is no definite programme regarding Mr Davis' trial. The Court meets on Monday, when his counsel will demand a trial.

Secretary Browning is regarded as out of danger.

Proceedings have been commenced against the Registers to compel them to re-open the lists.

FROM CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, May 1.

John L. Jones, telegraph operator at Gosport, Indiana, was murdered in his office last night.

Half of Crittenden, Kentucky, including the Masonic Hall, has been burned.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

WILMINGTON, Del., May 1.

Jessup and Moore's paper works, at Rockland, have been burned. Loss $800,000.

INDIAN DEPREDATIONS.

WASHINGTON, May 1.

A Fort Laramie dispatch says a telegraph supply train, seventy miles West of Fort Laramie, has been attacked, the provisions destroyed and the stock driven off. Work is impossible on the line without an escort.

CONNECTICUT.

HARTFORD, May 1.

The Connecticut Legislature organized to-day. Gov. English, in his message, says that the situation of public affairs, in every aspect, is important. He urges that, as citizens of a common country, we should strive to extinguish vindictive resentments engendered by the late civil war, which was waged to maintain the supremacy of the Federal Constitution and the integrity of national honor. He states that the great object is not yet attained; the Union is not restored. Ten States are denied participation in the national Government by the action of Congress. Such measures, if persisted in, will transform the Republic into a despotism. He deems the course of legislation passed by Congress as wholly unwarrantable, and as fatal to the Union as the doctrine of secession. The legislation of the Thirty-ninth Congress, to a large extent, was a series of usurpations and infractions of the Constitution. He argues that Congress has no more power, under the Constitution, to establish military government in the Southern States, than to institute an order of nobility in England. He claims that Congress has assumed that power only for the purpose of more thoroughly accomplishing the subversion of the State authority. If Congress can legislate for those States, it is not difficult to foresee a like interference in other States, and the right of States to regulate internal affairs in their own way will henceforth be denied.

STREET CARS IN RICHMOND.

RICHMOND, May 1.

The new street car arrangement went into operation to-day. Very few negroes availed themselves of it, though many whites refrained from riding.

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, May 1, P. M.

Cotton closed at a decline of 1 cent. Sales of 1,000 bales at 28.

Flour declined 10 to 15. State $10 15@13,80. Southern firm; Mixed to good $12,40@$14. Fancy extra $14,10@$18.

Corn quiet. Mixed Western $1,37@$1,40.

Pork active, $23,75.

Lard heavy, 12½@13½c.

Turpentine 72@73. Rosin $3,87@$4.

Gold $1,35¼.

BALTIMORE, May 1.

Cotton quiet and firm. Middling uplands 29@30.

Corn declined 1@2. White $1,23. Mixed $1,20.

Provisions firm. Bulk shoulders, loose, 9.—Sides, packed, 10½. Mess Pork $23,75@$24.

WILMINGTON, May 1.

Cotton 26.

Spirits Turpentine nominal, 65. Rosin quiet, $2,85@$4,50.

PETERSBURG, May 1.

Cotton quiet. No shippers in market. Sales 24@26.

Tobacco a shade better. Dark Manufacturing leaf 10@25. Fancy 49@61.

Corn $1,20.

LIVERPOOL, May 1, P. M.

Cotton heavy and declined 1/4 since noon.—Uplands 11¼@11¾.

Our Afternoon Dispatches.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, May 2.

Mr. Trenholm, Ex-Confederate Secretary of the Treasury, and Ex-Mayor Monroe, of New Orleans, are here.

The following dispatch has been received at the Mexican Legation here:

NEW ORLEANS, April 30.

Miramon is dead. The Imperial forces are disbanded. Marquies is completely defeated. Queretaro is taken, and Maximilian is hidden.

(Signed) RAMON G. DIAZ,
Mexican Consul.

The Treasury Department authorizes the statement, that R. R. McGuire, Collector of Internal Revenue, at Batesville, Arkansas, who was recently arrested at New Orleans, has adjusted the matters in question, is honorably acquitted of all charges, and has resumed his official duties.

ELECTION OF JUDGE IN BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, May 2.

Scott, Democrat, is elected Judge of the City Court by 4,482 majority over the combined opposition.

CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICAN NEWS.

NEW YORK, May 2.

The cholera prevails in the principal cities of Nicaragua. One hundred deaths occurred in one day in Leon.

Peace is established in Guatemala.

The Peruvian Ministry has resigned.

The relations of Peru and Chili are hostile. An open rupture will probably follow the termination of the Spanish question.

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, May 2

Cotton dull and drooping.

Stocks active. Exchange, 60 days, 9½. Sight 10¼.

Gold $1,35¼.

Tennessee bonds, new issue, 81½@82¼. Virginias, 64@67.

LIVERPOOL, May 2, P. M.

Cotton quiet and dull. Uplands 11½@11¾.—Orleans 11¾.

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26) G. B.	42
" Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	24
" Lexington, at Graham	20
" Roxborough	40
" Wadesborough	34
" Thomasville	40
" Wilmington	21
" Commerce	15
" Washington	6
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	7
Miners' and Planter's Bank	30
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	36
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	21
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	50
Greensborough Mutual	5
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	23
Gold	135
Silver	130
Old Coupons	40
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	87½
Old Sixes	70
Exchange on New York	¼

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, GROCER.

RALEIGH N. C.

BACON	17@16
BEEF	11@10
BUTTER	40@50
COTTON	22@24
CORN	1 25@1 40
COFFEE	28@35
EGGS	20@00
DRIED FRUIT—Apples	12 30@0 00
" " Peaches, per bu.	none
FOWLS	3 @50
FLOUR—Family	15 00@17 00
" Superfine	13 00@14 50
LARD	15@20
MEAL	1 30@1 50
MOLASSES	60@75
NAILS	9@10
PEAS—White	1 25@1 35
" Stock	1 10@1 25
POTATOES—Irish	1 75@2 25
" Sweet	@1 50
RAGS	4@5
SALT	3 25@4 25
SUGAR—Crushed	18@22
" Brown best	15@17½
" Common Brown	12½@15

SPECIAL NOTICES

10 CASES GENT'S FINE CALF BOOTS AT $4,00 a pair at

M. ROSENBAUM'S.

April 17-214-tf

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF EMBROIDERY at 25 cts. per ounce at

M. ROSENBAUM'S.

April 17-214-tf

ALL THE LATEST STYLES GENT'S AND Boy's Hats at

M. ROSENBAUM'S.

April 17-214-tf

KNOW THY DESTINY.

MADAME E. P. THORNTON, the great English Astrologist, Clairvoyant and Psychometrician, who has astonished the scientific classes of the Old World, has now located herself at Hudson, N. Y. Madame Thornton possesses such wonderful powers of second sight, as to enable her to impart knowledge of the greatest importance to the single or married of either sex. While in a state of trance, she delineates the very features of the person you are to marry, and by the aid of an instrument of intense power, known as the Psychomotrope, guarantees to produce a life-like picture of the future husband or wife of the applicant, together with date of marriage, position in life, leading traits of character, &c. This is no humbug, as thousands of testimonials can assert. She will send when desired a certified cert ficate, or written guarantee that the picture is what it purports to be. By enclosing a small lock of hair and stating place of birth, age, disposition and complexion, and enclosing fifty cents and stamped envelope addressed to yourself, you will receive the picture and desired information by return mail. All communications sacredly confidential. Address in confidence, MADAME E. P. THORNTON, P. O. Box 229, Hudson, N. Y.

Apr 6-205-1ydaw

FREE TO EVERYBODY.

A Large 6 pp. Circular, giving information of the greatest importance to the young of both sexes.

It teaches how the homely may become beautiful, the despised respected, and the forsaken loved.

No young lady or gentleman should fail to send their Address, and receive a copy post-paid, by return mail.

Address P. O. Drawer, 21,
Troy, N. Y.

April 6-205-1ydaw

MISCELLANEOUS.

AUCTION SALE.

I will sell, on the 23rd. day of May, at the Store of W. C. Stronach, on Market Square, all the HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE (and a fine MILCH COW) belonging to the estate of the late Sarah Stronach, deceased.

All sums over $10, six months credit with approved security.

GEO. T. STRONACH,
Admr.

Apr. 30-ecdts.

NOTICE!

VALUABLE PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT, COMPLETE FOR SALE.

BY virtue of a deed of trust to me executed, I shall expose to public sale, at the Court House door, in the city of Newbern, on Thursday, the 30th. day of May next, one complete printing establishment, consisting of press, types and fixtures.

Persons desiring the material for starting a paper will find this a rare chance, as everything is in good order.

Terms made known on day of sale.

GEO. GREEN, Trustee.

April 30-td.

$30 REWARD!

HIRAM was stolen on the night of the 28th. Hiram is sorrel, about nine years old; white face; one white hind foot; scar on the cheek; a small dark spot, with white hairs in it, on his hind quarter; a saddle scar on his back; good mane and tail has been recently trimmed—badly done. Hiram is a fine canterer and walker; paces roughly. Alas! poor Hiram, I want to see you.

The rogue left a MULE, at my house, which the owner can get by identifying him and paying for this advertisement.

H. C. BRIGGS,
Littleton, Sussex Co.,
or, M. P. BELL,
Petersburg, Va.

May 1-225-1w

NOTICE.

The annual meeting of the Ladies' Memorial Association of Wake County will be held in the Session Room of the Presbyterian Church, on Friday, the 3rd of May, at 4 o'clock. It is hoped that all the members of the Association will be present.

By order of the President,
S. A. PARTRIDGE,
Secretary.

May 1-225-2t

DRY GOODS.

ARRIVED AT LAST.

Ladies' Misses & Sons' fine French Calf Boots.
Fine French Calf Gaiters,
" " " Oxford Ties,
" Lasting " "
Ladies Gaiters and Bootees,
Children's, Misses and Boys shoes and gaiters at

April 29-223-tf GEO. T. COOKE'S.

HATS! HATS!!!

Fashionable Moleskin Hats.
" Silk, Fine felt "
" White " " "
Cashmere and Wool "
A large stock of Straw Hats, for boys and men, selling at reduced prices at

GEO. T. COOKE'S.

April 29-224-tf

PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS.

A beautiful stock of Parasols.
Umbrellas, small and large sizes, at

GEO. T. COOKE'S.

April 29-224-tf

50 DOZ. LADIES' LINEN CAMBRIC HANDkerchiefs, for sale Cheap at

GEO. T. COOKE'S.

April 29-224-tf

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The largest and finest stock of Gents' Boots and Shoes that can be found in the city, at

G. T. COOKE'S.

April 29-224-tf

HOME AGAIN.

ISAAC ŒTTINGER

is now in full receipt of his Spring and Summer stock of

DRY GOODS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
BOOTS, SHOES, MILLINERY,
AND FANCY GOODS,

They will be sold at a very small advance on

FIRST COST.

The Millinery business will be carried on by

MRS. ŒTTINGER,

in all its branches, she having been North herself and visited the first Millinery establishments in the country laid in her own stock in person, and besides that, having a thorough knowledge of the business, will be enabled to suit one and all from *the rich to the poor.*

Opening day for Spring and Summer Bonnets will be on the 10th. day of April, to which all her lady friends are respectfully invited.

We are also introducing a new style HOOP-SKIRT called the

ODESSA PATENT COLLAPSING SKIRT,

a skirt far superior to anything that has ever been brought to this country. We ask an inspection of the same. You will not regret a walk to No. 28 Fayetteville Street.

April 4-203-3m

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE!

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING OUR friends and the public, that we have in store one of the most

COMPLETE AND BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENTS

of Goods, ever offered in this Market.

Our DRESS GOODS are composed of all the latest styles and novelties of the season.

Our Line of White Goods is Perfect, consisting of

MULL, NAINSOOK AND SWISS MUSLINS,
PLAIN, CHECKED AND STRIPED ORGANDIES,
TARLETANS,
PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED LINEN AND MUSLIN SETTS, &c., &c.

Our goods are of the best quality and prices as low as any one can sell

WE SELL STRICTLY FOR CASH, and are content with small profits.

All we ask is an examination of our stock and we think we can please.

A. N. & J. McKIMMON.

April 5-204-tf

Astonishing Low Prices.

BED SHEETING.

1,000 yds., Good 10-4 Bleached Sheeting, which will be sold at 62½c. per yard.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

April 16-213-tf

BLACK SILK WRAPPINGS.

200 Black Silk Mantles and Sacques from $5,00 to $40.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

April 16-213-tf

HOOP SKIRTS.

100 Doz. Latest Styles for Ladies and Misses, from 40 cts. to 4,00.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

April 16-213-tf

BROWN SHIRTING.

10 Bales Brown Shirting from 12½ c. to 25c.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

April 16-213-tf

BLEACHED SHIRTING.

5,000 Yds. of good Bleached Shirting from 12½c. to 25c.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

April 16-213-tf

BLACK AND BROWN DeBAGE.

2,000 Yds. Black and Brown DeBage at 15c.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

April 16-213-tf

950 YDS. PLAID HOMESPUN,

for Women's Dresses.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

April 16-213-tf

SHOES AND HATS.

FOR MEN, WOMEN, BOYS AND GIRLS FROM 25c. to $2,00

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

April 16-213-tf

FOR MEN AND BOYS.

500 Yds. heavy Linen Drill, slightly damaged by fresh water; will be sold at cost on account of the underwriters—a great bargain.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Wholesale & Retail Merchants,
Raleigh, N. C.

April 16-213-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

PRICES REDUCED!!

IN ORDER TO PLACE PHOTOGRAPHS WITHin the reach of everybody, and thereby insure as my business, I have

REDUCED THE PRICE

of Photographs one fourth.

Now is the time. Call early.

J. W. WATSON

mar 26-197-tf

PIONEER

YEAST POWDER

USE THIS, LADIES, AND NO OTHER,
With your PASTRY have no bother;
At every grocers you can get it,
Try a box and ne'er regret it.

This YEAST POWDER is used by all first-class Hotels and Restaurants through the county, and is finding its way into every household where good Yeast Powder is appreciated. Samples free. Every box warranted to give satisfaction or money refunded. Manufactured by TAYLOR & YOUNG, No. 186 Front street, New York.

For sale by

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers.

April 4-203-1m

SOUTHERN SHOE FACTORY.

THOMASVILLE, N. C.

AS SUCCESSORS TO J. SHELLY & SON, established in 1859, with enlarged capital, the most improved machinery, and best workmen, we will sell every style of

MENS, BOYS,
YOUTHS, WOMENS,
MISSES AND
CHILDRENS
PEGGED SHOES,

as cheap as the same quality of goods can be bought in New York City, or elsewhere.

SHELLY BROTHERS & CO.

April 13-210-3m*

DRY GOODS.

1867. 1867.

FIRST GRAND OPENING OF

NEW SPRING AND

SUMMER GOODS.

COME AND SEE THEM, AND IF THE GOODS AND PRICES SUIT YOU, BUY THEM.

I now take the pleasure of informing my numerous friends and customers that I have just returned from the North, and have now in Store,

10,000 Yards of Beautiful Spring

AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS,

embracing all the novelties of the season, which will be sold cheap enough to insure sales. Creech's is the place to buy your Dress Goods.

PRINTS! PRINTS!! PRINTS!!!

Just received 3,000 yards of beautiful Spring and Summer Calicoes, which will be sold as cheap as cheapest. Customers cannot do better than to come to Creech's to buy their Calicoes.

CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, KENTUCKY JEANS, COTTONADES, &c.

Just received 5,000 yards Cassimeres, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Cottonades and Linen Goods, for Men, Boys and Children, suitable for Spring and Summer wear. I ask you to call and examine my stock before you buy, and you will not regret it.

HOOP SKIRTS! HOOP SKIRTS!!

A large and varied stock of Hoop Skirts, both as to price and quality.

LADIES' HATS AND BONNETS, TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED, NEW STYLES FOR 1867.

Ladies' Trimmed Hats, prices ranging from $1 to $6. Misses from 50 cts. to $4. Creech's is the place to buy your Hats and Bonnets.

Gent's Hats, Hats, Hats!

Just received a fine assortment of Men's, Boys', Youth's and Children's Hats—cheaper than ever. Come to Creech's to buy your Hats.

SHOES! SHOES! SHOES!

Just received 3000 pair Gent's, Boys', Ladies' and Misses' Shoes,—will be sold cheap enough to meet the hard times. Come and see prices and quality.

Groceries and Crockery Ware.

A good stock of Family Groceries, and Crockery ware, and will be sold as low as any in the city. Don't say you won't come and see, but say you will. If you have laid up your money for a rainy day, that rainy day has come. So come to Creech's to buy your goods. You will find me at R. Smith's corner, always ready and willing to serve you right.

mar 23-193-tf A. CREECH.

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG,

AT THE

OLD STAND

OF

S. H. YOUNG,

ARE now receiving from the North a large and well selected stock of the most desirable and fashionable

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

Which having been bought at low figures will be sold very low

FOR CASH.

We respectfully request our friends, and the public generally, to call and examine our stock, before buying elsewhere.

April 19-218-tf

HOME AGAIN,

M. ROSENBAUM,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM HIS PAtrons and the public in general, that he has just returned from New York, where he has been for the last three months watching the market for the GREATEST BARGAINS in his line, and that he is now prepared to show his customers a splendid line of all the latest styles Dress Goods.

TRIMMINGS,
HATS & BONNETS,
RIBBONS,
FLOWERS,
SHEETINGS,
SHIRTINGS,
HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS,
HOSIERY, ETC., ETC.

A fine assortment Ladies, Misses and Children's Shoes of the celebrated T. Miles & Son's Philadelphia make, just received.

Give him a call before buying elsewhere; it will well repay you.

April 17-214-tf

JEWELRY, SILVER WARE, &C.

WM. H. THOMPSON,

WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER,

24 Fayetteville Street 24

RALEIGH, N. C.

HAS just returned from the North and opened at his old stand, a splendid variety of

Watches, Jewelry, Silver Plated Ware, &c.

repairing done neatly and with dispatch. He has also on hand a fine assortment of CLOCKS, GOLD PENS, POCKET KNIVES, &c.

A choice lot of elegant STATIONERY, also in store, and many little nicknacks that will repay inspection.

Old GOLD and SILVER bought and sold.

Feb 25-170-3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

EQUITY SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECRETAL ORDER OF Equity for the county of Johnston, I shall sell to the highest bidder, at public auction, at the late residence of W. R. Moore, deceased, on the 11th. day of May next, the lands belonging to the estate of the said Walter R. Moore, deceased, consisting of about

NINE HUNDRED ACRES,

about 18 miles from the city of Raleigh, and on the Raleigh and Wilmington Road.

This is evidently one of the most desirable farms in the county—land fertile, and highly adapted to both corn and cotton, and for health not surpassed by any residence in this part of the State.

TERMS:—Enough cash to pay the costs.—Bonds well secured for the payment of the balance of the purchase money, six and twelve months after date, with interest from day of sale.

L. ELDRIDGE, C. & M. E.

April 24-220-1s for Johnston County.

NICE BACON AND FAMILY FLOUR!

IN STORE A LARGE LOT OF STRICTLY prime N. C. Bacon and Family Flour, to which the attention of Housekeepers is called.

JAMES M. TOWLES,
Agent.

April 16-213-tf

WANTED—A TENANT.

I WILL RENT OR LEASE MY HOUSE IN Wilmington, North Carolina, situated on corner Red Cross and Front streets. The House is well located and conveniently arranged for a good Hotel. There is sufficient room for putting in fifty or sixty beds, with plenty of room for all necessary arrangement for other conveniences necessary to make it a small *first class* Hotel.—The House is new out and out. I will rent or lease the whole building, or I will take in as a partner any good competent person (with a small capital) who may be competent to carry on the business. Any person wishing to engage either way will please call and see me, or address me by letter.

WM. B. EDMUNDSON.
Wilmington, N. C.

April 24-220-1w

MISCELLANEOUS.

EQUITY SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECRETAL ORDER OF Equity for the county of Johnston, I shall sell to the highest bidder, at public auction, at the late residence of W. R. Moore, deceased, on the 11th. day of May next, the lands belonging to the estate of the said Walter R. Moore, deceased, consisting of about

NINE HUNDRED ACRES,

about 18 miles from the city of Raleigh, and on the Raleigh and Wilmington Road.

This is evidently one of the most desirable farms in the county—land fertile, and highly adapted to both corn and cotton, and for health not surpassed by any residence in this part of the State.

TERMS:—Enough cash to pay the costs.—Bonds well secured for the payment of the balance of the purchase money, six and twelve months after date, with interest from day of sale.

L. ELDRIDGE, C. & M. E.

April 24-220-1s for Johnston County.

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WM. B. EDMUNDSON.
Wilmington, N. C.

April 24-220-1w

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

MARKS & LITTLEJOHN,

(SUCCESSORS TO ANDERSON, MARKS & CO.,)

General Grocers

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

No. 6 OLD STREET,

OPPOSITE SYCAMORE,

Petersburg, Va.

Will attend to the Sale of all Produce and Merchandise, of every description, sent to their care and will also purchase any goods not in their line.

Liberal cash advances made on consignments in hand.

Can also furnish Fertilizers of any kind to farmers on accommodating terms.

J. A. MARKS, W. H. LITTLEJOHN,
Late of Anderson, Marks & Co. of Franklin Co., N. C.

Feb 18-184-3m

FERTILIZERS

FOR SPRING CROPS.

WE beg to inform the trade and planters of North Carolina and Virginia, that we are prepared to furnish them with the most approved FERTILIZERS, on the most accommodating terms. We will have a stock of genuine PERUVIAN GUANO, purchased direct from the Agent of the Peruvian Government.

We have now in store, for immediate delivery, 225 tons BRADLEY'S SUPER PHOSPHATE OF LIME, which won for itself such an enviable reputation in the Cotton and Tobacco counties of North Carolina and Virginia, last season, proving itself equal, and in many important respects, superior to the Peruvian Guano. We have an analysis of it as ascertained by Dr. Hayes, one of the most eminent Chemists in the country:

Results of Analyses Made of Bradley's Patent Super-Phosphate of Lime, as now sold by Wm. L. Bradley.

100 PARTS CONSIST OF

Moisture	5.30
Prepared animal matter, salts of Ammonia, fatty substances and Humus	38.50
Bone Phosphates of Lime, Magnesia and Iron	36.80
(Soluble Phosphates of do. 16 6-10.)	
Sulphate of Lime	16.30
Salts	20
Insoluble	1.90
	99.00

The animal matter alone had 4 3-10 parts of Ammonia when it was decomposed

THE SENTINEL.

THURSDAY, MAY 2, 1867.

"DON'T STAY LONG"

How many a loving heart utters the refrain of the following lines, "don't stay long!" There is nothing of poetry in the phraseology, but there is in the touching manner in which the words frequently find voice—in the "yearning tenderness," found hopes and deep sympathy of which they become the imperfect interpreters. His experience in the poetry of life and love must have been barren indeed who does not find these lines thrill, like the echo of cathedral music, to his heart of hearts:

A look of yearning tenderness
Beneath her lashes lies,
And hope and love unutterable
Are shadowed in her eyes,
As in some deep unruffled stream
Are clouds and summer skies.

She passed to early womanhood,
From dreamy, sweet girl life,
And crossed the rosy threshold, but
To find herself a wife;
Oh, gently should he lead her steps
Along the path of life!

And as she clasps her small white hands
Upon his arms so strong,
How often, like a summer sigh,
Or a sweet pleading song,
She whispers, with a parting kiss,
"Beloved one, don't stay long."

It's almost always on her lip,
Her gentlest parting words,
Sweet as the fragrance from rose leaves
When by soft zephyrs stirred,
And lingering in the memory
Like songs of summer birds.

And in his heart they nestle warm,
When other scenes amid;
He stays not till she weary grows,
And her fond eyes are hid,
In tears which lie in bitterness
Beneath each veiling lid.

And oh, how many hearts are kept
By that love-uttering song!
There's scarcely one, who on life's waves
Is swiftly borne along,
But what has heard from some dear lips
Those sweet words—"don't stay long."

WHISKY AND WATER.

Cincinnati had a fine sensation the other day. A distillery took fire, and about a thousand barrels of whisky were emptied into the creek whence the supply of city drinking water was obtained, from which it was pumped up into the reservoir and distributed to the astonished citizens.

The results were curious. Here is one of them:

"One aged and highly respectable citizen, who never tasted liquor in his life, and consequently could belong to a temperance society with impunity, was seen wending his way homeward, with his hat jammed down on his head, and his face redolent and jolly, while he was singing:

Landlord, fill'r flowing bowl,
Foo' balls, foo' (hic) balls,
Old Uncle Johnny's marching home.

His wife didn't know him at first, as he entered the house, his countenance was so changed, and then the ends of that white cravat, which she always tied herself every morning with so much care, were flying in the most outlandish manner about his left ear; his clothes were disordered and soiled, and that hat!—she had never seen such a sight in all her born or married days.

He pulled it off, swung it wildly around his head with a "whopee," and then shied it, with scientific exactness, upon the bust of Douglass, giving a horribly grotesque leer to that late distinguished statesman, as it dropped over his left eye. He offered to bet two dollars and a half "that he knew who he was and could whip any man that wasn't;" then looking round upon his weeping family with a slight gleam of returning reason, he yelled: "O, I'm a wreck!" and, bursting into tears, besought the oldest girl to bring him a gutter for him to "wallow" in. He felt that he must wallow. He was lugged up stairs to bed, insanely shouting "Gutters for one."

A waggish journalist, who is often sorry over his personal plainness, tells this story of himself: "I went to a drug store early the other day for a dose of morphine for a sick friend. The night clerk objected to giving it to me without a prescription, evidently fearing that I intended suicide. "Pshaw!" said I, "do I look like a man who would kill himself?" Gazing at me steadily for a moment, he replied: "I don't know. Seems to me if I looked like you I should be greatly tempted to kill myself."

MISCELLANEOUS.

"A Policy of Life Insurance is the Cheapest and Safest mode of making a Certain Provision for one's Family."
BENJ. FRANKLIN.

MANHATTAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF NEW YORK.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING ACCEPTED the Agency of this long and well established Life Insurance Company, are prepared to take risks on lives on as favorable terms as any safe Company in the United States.

Invest a small sum (which you would not otherwise lay aside) in a Life Policy, and you have thus made certain provision for your family in case of death.

JNO. G. WILLIAMS & CO.
Agents.

Dr. E. BURKE HAYWOOD, Medical Examiner.—Office hours from 12 M. to 2 P. M.
April 26-226-3m

THE NEWS AND FARMER,
PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT
ASHEVILLE, N. C.
By R. M. STOKES.

HAVING PURCHASED THE OFFICE OF THE Asheville News, I have determined to enlarge it and devote its columns more especially to the interests of

Agriculture, Horticulture, Mining,

and all the other industrial pursuits of the State of North Carolina. For this purpose I have secured the assistance of many of the best practical scientific writers in nearly all parts of the State, who have agreed to contribute regularly to the columns valuable information on all the above subjects.

It will be the pride of the Proprietor to make the "News and Farmer" one of the handsomest as well as most valuable agricultural and family journals in the State.

The News and Farmer is published in one of the richest Agricultural and mining sections of the State, and enjoys almost the exclusive patronage of ten counties. This fact gives it great advantages to advertisers. Its subscription is now increasing daily from all parts of the State.

TERMS:

1 Copy 1 year, $3; 2 Copies $5.50; 5 Copies, $13.50; 10 copies $25, invariably in advance.

ADVERTISING:

1 Square of ten lines 1st. insertion, $1.00
Each subsequent insertion 50
Liberal discount made for yearly advertisements.

R. M. STOKES,
April 25-217-tf Editor and Proprietor.

LIME! LIME!!

150 Barrels Fresh Lockport Lime, on consignment, and offered very low, if taken at the Depot at once.

JAMES M. TOWLES.
April 26-tf

THE FORTIETH CONGRESS.

SENATE.

[Radical members marked "R." Conservatives marked "C."

CONNECTICUT.
James Dixon, c
Orris S Ferry, r

CALIFORNIA.
John Conness, r
Cornelius Cole, r

DELAWARE.
Jno Read Riddle, c
Willard Saulsbury, c

ILLINOIS.
Richard Yates, r
Vacancy.

INDIANA.
Thos A Hendricks, c
Lyman Trumbull, r

IOWA.
James W Grimes, r
James Harlan, r

KANSAS
Vacancy
Do

MAINE.
Lott M Morrill, r
W P Fessenden, r

MASSACHUSETTS.
Chas Sumner, r
Henry Wilson, r

MARYLAND.
Reverdy Johnson, c
Vacancy

MISSOURI.
John B Henderson, r
C D Drake, r

MICHIGAN.
Zachariah Chandler, r
Jacob M Howard, r

KENTUCKY.
James Guthrie, c
Vacancy.

MINNESOTA.
Alex Ramsey, r
Dan S Norton, c

NEW HAMPSHIRE.
Aaron H Cragin, r
Jas W Patterson, r

NEW YORK.
Edwin D Morgan, r
Roscoe Conkling, r

NEW JERSEY.
A G Cattell, r
F T Frelinghuysen, r

NEVADA.
Wm M Stewart, r
Vacancy

OHIO.
Benj. F Wade, r
John Sherman, r

OREGON.
Geo H Williams, r
Henry W Corbett, r

PENNSYLVANIA.
Chas R Buckalew, c
Simon Cameron, r

RHODE ISLAND.
Wm Sprague, r
Henry B Anthony, r

TENNESSEE.
David T Fowler, r
J B Patterson, c

VERMONT.
Geo F Edmunds, r
Simon Cameron, r

WISCONSIN.
Jas B. Doolittle, c
Vacancy.

WEST VIRGINIA.
Peter G Van Winkle, r
Waitman T Willey, r

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

NEW YORK.
1 Stephen Tabor, c
2 Demas Barnes, c
3 Wm E Robinson, c
4 John Fox, c
5 John Morrissey, c
6 Thos E Stewart, c
7 John W Chandler, c
8 James Brooks, c
9 Fernando Wood, c
10 Wm H Robertson, r
11 Chas H Van Wyck, r
12 John H Ketcham, r
13 Thos Cornell, r
14 J V L Pruyn, c
15 J A Griswold, r
16 Orange Ferris, r
17 C T Hulburd, r
18 James M Marvin, r
19 Wm C Fields, r
20 A H Laflin, r
21 Roscoe Conkling, r
22 J C Churchill, r
23 Dennis McCarthy, r
24 T M Pomeroy, r
25 Wm H Kelsey r
26 Wm S Lincoln, r
27 Hamilton Ward, r
28 Lewis Selye, r
29 Burt Van Horn, r
30 J M Humphrey, c
31 H Van Aernam, r

DELAWARE.
John Nicholson, c

PENNSYLVANIA.
1 N B Judd, r
2 J F Farnsworth, r
3 E B Washburne, r
4 A C Harding, r
5 E C Togersoll, r
6 Burton C Cook, r
7 H P H Brownell, r
8 Sheby McCullum, r
9 Lewis W Ross, c
10 A G Burr, c
11 Sam'l Marshall, c
12 John Baker, r
13 G B Baum, r
At large, J A Logan, r

INDIANA.
1 Wm E Niblack, c
2 Michael C Kerr, c
3 M C Hunter, r
4 Wm S Holman, c
5 Geo W Julian, r
6 John Colburn, r
7 H D Washburne, r
8 Godlove S Orth, r
9 Schuyler Colfax, r
10 Wm Williams, r
11 Jno P C Shanks, r

IOWA.
1 James F Wilson, r
2 Hiram Price, r
3 Wm B Allison, r
4 W M Longbridge, r
5 G M Dodge, r
6 Asahel W Hubbard, r

KANSAS.
Sidney Clark, r

MAINE.
1 John Lynch, r
2 Sidney Parham, r
3 James G Blaine, r
4 John A Peters, r
5 Fred'k A Pike, r

MASSACHUSETTS.
1 Thos D Eliot, r
2 Oakes Ames, r
3 Ginery Twitchell, r
4 Samel Hooper, r
5 Benj. F. Butler, r
6 Nat P Banks, r
7 Geo S Boutwell, r
8 John B Baldwin, r
9 W B Washburne, r
10 Henry L Dawes, r

MARYLAND.
1 Hiram McCullough, c
2 S Arthur, c
3 Q E Phelps, c
4 Francis Thomas, r
5 Frederick Stone, c

Connecticut, California, Kentucky, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Tennessee, choosing twenty-nine members, are yet to elect.

U. S. Judiciary

The Judges of the Supreme Court of the United States are as follows:

Mr Chief Justice Chase, of Ohio
Mr Justice Wayne, Georgia
Mr Justice Nelson, New York
Mr Justice Grier, Pennsylvania
Mr Justice Swayne, Ohio
Mr Justice Miller, Iowa
Mr Justice Davis, Illinois
Mr Justice Field, California
Mr Justice Stansbury, Ohio
Reporter, John W Wallace, Ohio
Marshal, D S Gooding
Clerk, D W Middleton

The Judge of the District Court of North Carolina is G W Brooks. District Attorney, D H Starbuck. Marshal, Daniel R Goodloe.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE YARBROUGH HOUSE,
Fayetteville Street,
RALEIGH, N. C.

I HAVE THE PLEASURE OF ANNOUNCING to my friends, and the traveling public, that I have leased the

YARBROUGH HOUSE,

for a term of years. The house will be

Repainted and Furnished

with new and elegant furniture at once.

I return sincere thanks to my patrons for their very kind and liberal patronage, received while in charge of the EXCHANGE HOTEL in this city.

I promise that the Yarbrough House shall have no superior in the South.

J. M. BLAIR.
mar 21-199-tf

BANK CAPE FEAR,
WILMINGTON, April 10, 1867.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHolders of the Bank of Cape Fear, will be held at the Banking House in Wilmington, on Thursday, the 9th. day of May next.

J. G. BURR, Cashier.
April 12-210-4d

FRESH FIELD SEEDS,
RED CLOVER,
ORCHARD GRASS,
TIMOTHY,
BLUE GRASS,
LUCERNE,

and best variety of Garden Seeds, Just received from R. Sinclair & Co., Baltimore, at the Farmers' Hall,

JAMES M. TOWLES,
Feb20-163-tf Auctioneer.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

JOHN W. HINSDALE,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
No. 9, Hay Street, Fayetteville N. C.

WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO ALL BUSIness intrusted to his care.

Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.
Jan 26-tf

Congressional Reconstruction Acts.

For the information of our readers we republish as follows the late reconstruction act of Congress, known as the Sherman-Shellabarger bill. We shall add to it the Howard Amendment, Test Oath and the Supplementary act, all of which will be kept standing until the necessary information they contain shall be generally and fully understood.

THE RECONSTRUCTION ACT.

AN ACT to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States.

[Passed over the President's Veto, March 2d, 1867.]

WHEREAS, no legal State governments or adequate protection for life or property now exists in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas, and Arkansas; and whereas it is necessary that peace and good order should be enforced in said States until legal and Republican State Governments can be legally established: Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That said rebel States shall be divided into military districts and made subject to the military authority of the United States, as hereinafter prescribed, and for that purpose Virginia shall constitute the first district; North Carolina and South Carolina the second district; Georgia, Alabama and Florida the third district; Mississippi and Arkansas the fourth district; and Louisiana and Texas the fifth district.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the President to assign to the command of each of said districts an officer of the army, not below the rank of Brigadier general, and to detail a sufficient military force to enable such officer to perform his duties and enforce his authority within the district to which he is assigned.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of each officer assigned as aforesaid to protect all persons in their rights of person and property, to suppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and to punish or cause to be punished all disturbers of the public peace and criminals, and to this end he may allow local civil tribunals to take jurisdiction of and to try offenders, or, when in his judgement it may be necessary for the trial of offenders, he shall have power to organize military commissions or tribunals for that purpose, and all interference, under color of State authority, with the exercise of military authority under this act shall be null and void.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all persons put under military arrest by virtue of this act shall be tried without unnecessary delay, and no cruel or unusual punishment shall be inflicted; and no sentence of any military commission or tribunal hereby authorized affecting the life or liberty of any person, shall be executed until it is approved by the officer in command of the district, and the laws and regulations for the government of the army shall not be altered by this act, except in so far as they conflict with its provisions: Provided, That no sentence of death, under the provisions of this act, shall be carried into effect without the approval of the President.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That when the people of any one of said rebel States shall have formed a constitution of government in conformity with the Constitution of the United States in all respects, framed by a convention of delegates elected by the male citizens of said State, twenty one years old and upwards, of whatever race, color or previous condition, who have been resident in said State for one year previous to the day of such election, except such as may be disfranchised for participation in the rebellion, or for felony at common law; and when such constitution shall provide that the elective franchise shall be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualifications herein stated for electors of delegates; and when such constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such Constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such constitution shall have been submitted to Congress for examination and approval, and Congress shall have approved the same; and when the said State, by a vote of its legislature elected under said constitution, shall have adopted the amendment to the constitution of the United States, proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress, and known as article fourteen; and when said article shall have become a part of the constitution of the United States, said State shall be declared entitled to representation in Congress, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom, on their taking the oath prescribed by law; and then and thereafter the preceding sections of this act shall be inoperative in said State. Provided, That no person excluded from the privilege of holding office by said amendment to the constitution of the United States shall be eligible to election as a member of the convention to frame a constitution for any of said rebel States, nor shall any such person vote for members of such convention.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That until the people of said rebel States shall be by law admitted to representation in the Congress of the United States, any civil government which may exist therein shall be deemed provisional only, and in all respects subject to the paramount authority of the United States at any time to abolish, modify, control or supersede the same; and in all elections to any office under such provisional governments all persons shall be entitled to vote, and none others, who are entitled to vote under the provisions of the fifth section of this act; and no person shall be eligible to any office under such provisional governments who would be disqualified from holding office under the provisions of the third article of said constitutional amendment.

SCHUYLER COLFAX
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

LAFAYETTE S. FOSTER
President of the Senate *pro tem.*

The following is the Constitutional Amendment referred to in the 4th section of the Sherman Bill:

Proposed Constitutional Amendment.

ARTICLE XIV.

Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Sec. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, representatives in Congress, executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State being twenty-one years of age and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

Sec. 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice-President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

Sec. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

Sec. 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this article.

The following is the oath of office referred to in the 3th section of the bill, and also in the 6th of the Supplementary Bill:

An Act to Prescribe an Oath of Office and for Other Purposes.

Be it enacted, That hereafter any person elected or appointed to any office of honor or profit under the government of the United States, either in the civil, military or naval department of the public service, except the President of the United States, shall before entering upon the duties of such office, and before being entitled to any of the salary or other emolument thereof, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation: "I, A B, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have never voluntarily borne arms against the U. S. since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have never sought nor accepted, nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever, under any authority, or pretended authority, in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, power or constitution within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto; and I do further swear (or affirm) that to the best of my knowlege and ability, I will support and defend the constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion, and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter. So help me God," which oath, so taken and signed, shall be preserved among the files of the court, House of Congress, or the department to which said officer may appertain. And any person who may falsely take said oath shall be guilty of perjury, and on conviction, in addition to the penalties now prescribed for that offence, shall be deprived of his office, and rendered incapable, forever after, of holding any office or place under the United States.

Approved July 2, 1862

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STEVENS-SHERMAN-SHELLABARGER BILL.

AN ACT supplemental to an act entitled an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2, 1867, and to facilitate restoration.

Be it enacted &c., That before the first day of September, 1867, the commanding general in each district defined by the act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, approved March 2, 1867, shall cause a registration to be made of the male citizens of the United States, twenty-one years of age, and upwards, resident in each county or parish in the State or States included in his district, which registration will include only those persons who are qualified to vote for delegates by the act aforesaid, and who shall have taken and subscribed the following oath or affirmation:

"I, ——, do solemnly swear, or affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that I am a citizen of the State of ——; that I have resided in said State for —— months next preceding this day, and now reside in the county of ——, or the parish of ——, in said State, as the case may be; that I am 21 years old; that I have not been disfranchised for participation in any rebellion or civil war against the United States, nor for felony committed against the laws of any State or of the United States; that I have never been a member of any State Legislature, or held any executive or judicial office in any State, and afterwards engaged in insurrection and rebellion against the United States, and given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I have never taken an oath as a member of Congress of the United States, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, and afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I will faithfully support the Constitution and obey the laws of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, encourage others so to do. So help me God."

which oath or affirmation may be administered by any registering officer.

Sec. 2. That after the completion of the registration hereby provided for in any State at such time and place therein as the commanding general shall appoint and direct, of which at least thirty day's public notice shall be given, an election shall be held of delegates to a convention for the purpose of establishing a constitution and civil government for such State loyal to the Union; said convention in each State, except Virginia, to consist of the same number of members as the most numerous branch of the State Legislature of such State in the year 1860, to be apportioned among the several districts, counties or parishes of such State by the commanding general, giving to each, representation in the ratio of voters registered as aforesaid as nearly as may be. The convention in Virginia shall consist of the same number of members as represented the territory now constituting Virginia in the most numerous branch of the Legislature of said State in the year 1860, to be apportioned as aforesaid.

Sec. 3. That at such election the registered voters of each State shall vote for or against a convention to form a constitution thereof under this act. Those voting in favor of such a convention shall have written or printed on the ballots by which they vote for delegates as aforesaid, the words "for a convention;" and those voting against such a convention shall have written or printed on such ballots the words "against a convention." The persons appointed to superintend said election, and to make return of the votes given thereat, as herein provided, shall count and make return of the votes given for and against a convention; and the commanding general to whom the same shall have been returned, shall ascertain and declare the total vote in each State for and against a convention. If a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, then a convention shall be held, as hereinafter provided; but if a majority of said votes shall be against a convention, then no convention shall be held under this act: *Provided*, That such convention shall not be held unless a majority of all such registered voters shall have voted on the question of holding such convention.

Sec. 4. That the commanding general of each district shall appoint such loyal officers or persons as may be necessary, not exceeding three in each election district, in any State, to make and complete the registration, superintend the election, and make return to him of the votes, lists of voters and of the persons elected as delegates by a plurality of the votes cast at said election; and upon receiving said returns he shall open and examine, ascertain the persons elected as delegates according to the returns of the officers who conducted said election, and make proclamation thereof; and if a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, the commanding general within sixty days from the date of election, shall notify the delegates to assemble in convention at a time and place to be mentioned in the notification, and said convention, when organized, shall proceed to frame a Constitution and civil government according to the provisions of this act, and the act to which it is supplementary; and when the same shall have been so framed, said Constitution shall be submitted by the convention for ratification to the persons registered under the provisions of this act, at an election to be conducted by the officers, or persons appointed by the commanding general as hereinbefore provided, and to be held after the expiration of thirty days from the date of notice thereof to be given by said convention, and the returns thereof shall be made to the commanding general of the district.

Sec. 5 That if, according to said returns, the constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the votes of the registered electors qualified as herein specified, cast at said election, at least one-half of all the registered voters voting upon the question of such ratification, the president of the convention shall transmit a copy of the same, duly certified, to the President of the United States, who shall forthwith transmit the same to Congress, if then in session, and if not in session, then immediately upon its next assembling; and if it shall moreover appear to Congress that the election was one at which all the registered and qualified electors in the State had an opportunity to vote freely and without restraint, fear or the influence of fraud, and if Congress shall be satisfied that such constitution meets the approval of a majority of the qualified electors in the State, and if the said constitution shall be declared by Congress to be in conformity with the provisions of the act to which this is supplementary, and the other provisions of said act shall have been complied with, and the said constitution shall be approved by Congress, the State shall be declared entitled to representation, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom as herein provided.

Sec. 6. That all elections in the States mentioned in the said "Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," shall, during the operation of said act, be by ballot; and all officers making the said registration of voters and conducting said elections shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, subscribe an oath faithfully to perform the duties of their said office, and the oath prescribed by the act approved July 2, 1862, entitled "An act to prescribe an oath of office:" Provided, That if any person shall knowingly and falsely take and subscribe any oath in this act prescribed, such person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be subject to the pains, penalties and disabilities which by law are provided for the punishment of the crime of wilful and corrupt perjury.

Sec. 7. That all expenses incurred by the several commanding generals, or by virtue of any orders issued or appointments made by them under or by virtue of this act, shall be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 8. That the convention for each State shall prescribe the fees, salary, and compensation to be paid to all delegates and other officers and agents herein authorized or necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act, not herein otherwise provided for, and shall provide for the levy and collection of such taxes on the property in such State as may be necessary to pay the same.

Sec. 9. That the word "article" in the sixth section of the act to which this is supplementary shall be construed to mean "section."

FOR SALE.

Valuable City Property for Sale.

ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE HOUSES and Lots in the City, (front of Nash Square) lately occupied by Mrs. Ruffin Tucker, dec'd.—The House contains 10 Rooms, all well furnished. Lot about 3½ acres, grounds beautifully ornamented with Shrubbery. Conservatory filled with the rarest flowers and garden of fine vegetables and choice fruit trees, all necessary out buildings, and well of pure water. Possession can be given immediately.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.
mar 5-173-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

An Old Song, set to a New Tune.

1867.

As spring approaches
Ants and Roaches
From their holes come out
And Mice and Rats
In spite of cats,
Gaily skip about.

"18 years established in N. Y. City."
"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

"Costar's" Rat, Roach, &c., Exterm's

Is a paste—used for *Rats, Mice, Roaches, Black and Red Ants, &c., &c.*

"Costar's" Bed-Bug Exterminator

Is a liquid or wash—used to destroy, and also as a preventive for *Bed-Bugs, &c.*

"Costar's" Electric Powder for Insects

Is for *Moths Mosquitoes, Fleas, Bed-Bugs, Insects on Plants, Fowls Animals &c.*

☞!!! BEWARE!!! of all worthless imitations.

☞ See that "COSTAR'S" name is on each Box, Bottle, and Flask, before you buy

☞ Address, HENRY R. COSTAR, 484 Broadway, N. Y.

☞ Sold in Raleigh N. C.

☞ By—P. F. PESCUD and WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.

And all Druggists and Retailers everywhere.

"COSTAR'S"
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BUCKTHORN SALVE,

For Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Wounds, Boils, Cancers, Broken Breasts, Sore Nipples, Bleeding, Blind and Painful Piles; Scrofulous, Putrid and Ill-conditioned Sores; Ulcers, Glandular Swellings, Eruptions, Cutaneous Affections, Ringworm, Itch, Corns, Bunions, Chilblains, &c.; Chapped Hands, Lips, &c.;
Bites of Spiders, Insects, Animals, &c., &c.

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For Corns, Bunions, Warts, &c.

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PREPARATION OF
BITTER SWEET & ORANGE BLOSSOMS
FOR BEAUTIFYING THE COMPLEXION.

Used to Soften and Beautify the Skin, remove Freckles, Pimples, Eruptions, &c.

Ladies are now using it in preference to all others.

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COUGH REMEDY,

For Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza, Asthma, Consumption, Bronchial Affections, and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

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CELEBRATED
BISHOP PILLS,

A UNIVERSAL DINNER PILL,

For Nervous and Sick Headache, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation, Diarrhœa, Colics, Chills, Fevers, and general derangement of the Digestive Organs.

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FEMALE CLOLLEGE.
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Resident Physician.

The Fall Session of this Institution closed 23rd. day of December. The Spring Session opened the 1st. Wednesday in January, and will continue 20 weeks.

The success of this school has been without a parallel. A new building has just been completed, by which a large additional number can be accommodated. We are determined to make our pupils as comfortable as they can be made anywhere, and to afford them all the advantage for a thorough and extensive education, that can be found at any First class Female College, North or South.

The location is a most delightful one. The Mineral Water is too well known to the whole country to need a remark. Even invalid young ladies may secure a thorough education, and at the same time the restoration of their health. Reference is made to every intelligent Physician in the State, as well as to the hundreds who have found relief here.

The young ladies all worship in the College Chapel, and hence no extra clothing is required.—*In the single item of dress parents can save 25 per cent. of the entire expense incurred by sending to Boarding Schools located in cities or villages.*—This Institution is certainly one of the cheapest and most easy of access in the Southern States.—Besides, it offers the most superior advantages in every respect.

For particulars address,
REV. C. B. RIDDICK,
Feb 2-151-3m Kittrell's Springs, N. C.

BALTIMORE ADVERTISENTS.

1867. SPRING 1867.

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DEALERS IN
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DRY GOODS,
No. 258 Baltimore Street,
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offer a large and handsome stock, to which they ask the
ATTENTION OF THE TRADE.
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MANUFACTURERS OF
PORTABLE AND STATIONARY
Steam Engines and Boilers,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
LEFFEL'S PATENT AMERICAN DOUBLE
TURBINE WATER-WHEEL, SAW
MILLS, MINING MACHINERY,
PORTABLE GRIST
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ROBERTS' BURR REGULATOR,

Flouring Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys and ngers.
mar 29-198-6m.

COLLINS & HEATH,
22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing,	Mount Vernon Cook Stove,
Sheet Lead,	Patapsco Cook,
Lead Pipe,	Roger Williams's, Universe Cook,
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Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs.	Emerald Range,
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Water Closets,	Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick,
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Hydrants,	All the different styles of Grates,
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Rams, Fountains,	
Water Wheels	
Garden Vases,	
Water-Coolers,	
Refrigerators, &c.	

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.
April 8-206-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

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GREENSBORO' N. C.
DEALERS IN

Gold, Silver, Bullion, Southern bank notes, Exchange, bonds, stocks and coupons.

Collections made on all accessible points. Deposits received subject to sight checks.

REFER TO

BREM, BROWN & CO., Charlotte, N. C.
Dr. E. NYE HUTCHISON, "
Gov. Z. B. VANCE, Charlotte, N. C.
JESSE H. LINDSAY, Esq., Greensboro,' N. C.
April 5-204-tf

COMMISSIONERS OF CLAIMS.

THE UNDERSIGNED, APPOINTED AND Commissioned by His Excellency the Governor, under an act of Assembly, ratified on the 6th. March 1867, "to investigate all claims against the State on account of any debt or obligation created during the late war, with power to take testimony, administer oaths, send for persons and papers, and to adopt such rules and regulations as may be deemed necessary to enable them to distinguish between debts created for war purposes, and to report the same to the next session of the General Assembly"—will commence their labors at the Capitol, in Raleigh on Monday, the 6th. May prox.

All persons holding claims so to be investigated, are hereby notified to present the same.

J. C. HARPER,
R. H. BATTLE,
H. W. HUSTED,
Commissioners.

Raleigh, April 2-207-2aw2w

Progress and Standard, Raleigh; Goldsboro' News, Wilmington, Newbern, Charlotte and Salisbury dailies and tri-weeklies publish twice a week for two weeks, or to the amount of $5 each; and the Washington Index, Tarboro Southerner, Wilson Carolinian, Weldon Star, Charlotte Democrat and the Warrenton, Henderson, Hillsboro, Fayetteville, Wadesboro, Greensboro, Salem, Winston, Statesville, Rutherford, Asheville and Hendersonville weeklies to the amount of $4 each, and forward their bills to the Commissioners.

Petersburg Advertisements.

1867. SPRING TRADE. 1867.

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McILWAINE & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in Foreign and Domestic
Dry Goods, Notions & Clothing,
NO. 9 SYCAMORE, and
NO. 1 TABB STREETS,
PETERSBURG, VIRGINIA,

Take pleasure in announcing to the trade that they have in store, ready for exhibition, a large assortment of

NEW SPRING GOODS,

embracing all articles usually kept in wholesale establishments. Their long business experience with the merchants of

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has made them familiar with their wants; this, together with the advantages they possess in purchasing their supplies, enables them to offer goods at such prices as will insure satisfaction. They specially invite the attention of buyers to their extensive stock of

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manufactured expressly to their own order, which for style, workmanship and cheapness cannot be surpassed. They would also call attention to a full line of

NOTIONS,

All of which will be offered to purchasers on the very best terms, by Capt. Edward Graham and Mr.